The Pittsburgh Daily Commercial.

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The Daily Commercial.

OUR IDOL.

Close the door lightly,
Bridle the breath,
Our little earth angel
Is talking with death,
Gently he woos her,
She wishes to stay,
His arms is about her—
He bears her away!

Music comes floating
Down from the dome;
Angels are chanting
The sweet welcome home.
Come, stricken weeper!
Come to the bed:
Gaze on the sleeper—
Our idol is dead!

Smooth out the ringlets;
Close the blue eye—
No wonder such beauty
Was claimed in the sky:
Cross the hands gently
O'er the white breast,
So like a wild spirit
Strayed from the blest;
Bear her out softly,
This idol of ours,
Let her grave slumber
Be 'mid the sweet flowers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

A General Review—Military Matters—A Launch—Personalities and Gossip—John Burns, of Gettysburg.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5, 1863.

Special Correspondence of the Commercial.

We have had a day of excessive heat, and the probabilities are that before morning a gentle rain will cool us off a little. This weather is thrice blessed to such as find their pockets sufficiently plethoric to lay in a stock of Lehigh at ten dollars per ton (long,) which is what our dealers are now charging. In all probability another fortnight or less will see us after it at twelve. Really, I think we shall have to adopt the plan of the laborers on the public buildings at Washington—get up a procession and go down and make a brief call on Father Abraham.

The condition of things look very like it now, with the streets abounding in house-hunters, and the market men as saucy as Turks; things never remembered before in this city. The Continental Hotel folks, I understand, talk of raising the price of transient borders to five dollars per day before long. This will be tolerably steep, and the probable result will be a more complete filling up of such as may feel disposed to keep board bills down yet awhile.

I telegraphed you last night that Governor Curtin would probably leave for Washington to-day. Circumstances will, however, prevent his carrying out the schedule which he had previously arranged, so he will return to Harrisburg first and then go to the National Capital from there. Considering the fatiguing jaunt which he has taken for the past ten days, his Excellency looks in admirable trim, and his spirits are perfectly jovial. The late result of the elections is enough to account for that.

While I was strolling about for an hour or so last night, I met, among others, Ex-Gov. Johnson, of your city. Having so often heard of this well known gentleman it was a pleasure for me to make his acquaintance, I assure you, an opportunity which was afforded me by another prominent resident of Pittsburgh. Mr. Johnson looks as if he would be just as good for another fifty years as those already passed. It does one good to occasionally behold such vigor, after years of the toil incident to more or less of public life.

The Army of the Potomac seems to be keeping very quiet now. A calm precedes the storm, is an old maxim. Let us hope it is so in the present instance. If the reports are true that Lee has only thirty thousand, I happen to know, from excellent authority, that Meade ought to follow him some ways down towards Richmond this time. However, I am no advocate for the "overland route" to the rebel capital—except it be about twenty miles' travel to the southwest or sonth of that city, along the James river. This has always been my plan, but, unfortunately, Mr. Lincoln did not appoint me Secretary of War, so there was undoubtedly another name lost to history.

We launched the propeller, Governor Chase, to-day. She was christened by Miss Cooke, daughter of the well known banker, who has so prominently identified himself with the best interests of our people all over the land. This propeller is destined for peaceful pursuits, unless the Government should do, as it often has before, under similar circumstances, purchase her for warlike use.

We have had quite a batch of notables in town this week. Among others the old hero John L. Burns, of Gettysburg, whose portrait was some time since published in one of the Illustrated papers, and who made himself an immortal name—if history and story can make it so—at the battle of Gettysburg. It is unnecessary for one to recapitulate the details; for everybody has heard how this old man, who was old enough to fight, and did fight in the war of 1812 and 1814, took his gun when the rebels came into our State and fought them until disabled by a wound. When I read of such men, and the story of their lives it appears to me that I could desire to be set back into a childhood, provided I could have such a grandfather. Mr. Burns appears to be hale and hearty, and good for another score of years or more. He will be one of the prominent features at the consecration of the Soldiers National Cemetery at Gettysburg, on the 19th inst. Let us all go and see him there.

WORST TIME FOR TAKING LUNCHEON.—Of luncheons, the worst are those taken a short time previous to the hour of rest in the evening. It is the sure way to produce restlessness and sleeplessness at night, and dullness and headache in the morning. It is indeed, the very worst time in the twenty-four hours for taking food. It is the original cause of those late suppers, which are indulged in by many of the wealthy and luxurious, and which are pre-eminent in the list of indulgencies that shorten life. "Carden observes that he had conversed with many persons who had lived to be a hundred years of age, and they all declared to him that they had made it a rule to eat little at night." It is like loading your horse with a heavy additional burden after he has been toiling all day, and is weakened by fatigue; or like filling up the mill hopper, when the water is nearly run out. People may tell us that they cannot sleep without this luncheon, or supper, just before bedtime; but they may rest assured that a persevering indulgence in it will, ere long, bring on that sleep which knows no waking.

TO PREVENT STAMMERING.—J. T. Hassett, of Summit county, Ohio, writes to the *American Agriculturist*: "When children see anything remarkable (in their view,) they are always in a great hurry to tell of it, and often the words crowd to the tongue faster than they fall from it, which induces stammering. On such occasions the parents should instantly hush the child, until its excitement is over, and then give it the privilege to make the relation calmly." This is a good suggestion. It is known that an inveterate stutterer can be cured by practicing some method which requires him to speak deliberately and in measured time. Some "professors" who cure stammerers, require their pupils to beat time with the finger at each word, the same as in singing, and in this way the habit of control over the organs of speech is acquired. But prevention is always better than cure, and a little care at first will entirely break up the tendency to stammer which children often have.

ANNOUNCING the fact that Miss Cushman is about to return to Europe, the Boston *Transcript* says that having earned a handsome competence as an actress, she established her family in comfort in England, and has resided for some years in Rome, providing a delightful home for two of her gifted country women devoted to art; there she assembles around her the most agreeable coteries, and cheers and charms a large American colony by her cultivated hospitality. She came home on a visit in June last, and has performed in Washington, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, for the benefit of the Union soldiers, realizing thereby the sum of eight thousand dollars, besides aiding the Dramatic Fund at their late benefit.

A CORRESPONDENT writing from Chicamauga says: James E. Murdoch is here, trying to get the body of his son, who fell so nobly on the bloody field of Chicamauga. He spends his leisure moments in reading in the camps and hospitals for the entertainment of the soldiers. While we write he is reciting the "Sleeping Sentinel," in the camp of the 79th Indiana.

Romance in Real Life.

[From the Bucyrus (Ohio) Journal.]

EXTRAORDINARY AFFAIR—FATHER AND SON MARRY MOTHER AND DAUGHTER—THE PARTIES DIVORCED, THEN RE-MARRY EACH OTHER'S WIFE.

In one of the townships of this county, a little north of Bucyrus, dwelt a well-to-do widower about fifty, with an only son of twenty-two or three. Mr. —— (we withhold names for obvious reasons) had been a widower for many years, and became weary of that mode of living; he accordingly determined to marry again. The determination once formed, the next thing was to find the woman necessary, which in this country is not at all difficult. Fortunately for him a widow lady resided near him, who had a daughter possessing all the requirements. She was a beautiful girl of twenty years, accomplished and sprightly—just the one he wanted. To-be-sure, she was rather young, but Mr. —— was young-looking also. Sometimes his mind would wander to the mother, who was quite as handsome as the daughter, and almost as young in appearance: but he had made up his mind to marry the daughter, and set about it with a will. He did not mention his determination to his son, fearing the idea of marrying one so much younger than himself, might expose him to ridicule.

In the meantime his son had become deeply enamored of the widow, and had likewise determined upon marrying her. He did not communicate the fact to his father, for the same reason that actuated the old gentleman, for fear of exciting ridicule by marrying a woman so much older than himself. They both commenced calling at the house of the widow, and frequently met each other there. This circumstance annoyed them both immensely. The old gentleman thought, very naturally, that the young man was there for the young lady, and the young gentleman as naturally supposed the old one was there for the widow.

As the matter progressed the meetings of the father and son at that place became frequent, and the more often it occurred, the more intolerable it became. Finally, Mr. —— determined to speak to his son on the subject.

"Charles," said he, "I have determined, after much consideration, to marry, and thought it but right and proper to make you acquainted with the determination."

"Very good," replied Charles; I consider it very proper that you should do so. And, speaking of marrying, I have concluded to marry, myself."

"I approve of the idea," returned the old gentleman, "you are of a suitable age to settle down. May I ask the name of your intended?"

"Mrs. ——," exclaimed Charles, up and assuming a defiant look.

"Whew!" whistled the old gentleman; "fine woman, Charles, but isn't she a trifle too advanced in years?"

"I think not," said he; "but who have you decided upon?"

"Why, Charles, it is a very curious circumstance, but I had determined to marry her daughter."

"Daughter!" exclaimed Charles: "Why, you are at least twice as old as she is; I don't object."

The matter was thus happily settled, and in the course of a few weeks it was satisfactorily arranged with the widow and daughter, and the parties were married.

Very soon after the marriage was consummated, they all discovered that they had made a great mistake. The son found that the widow was altogether too motherly for the wife of a young man of twenty-three, and the old gentleman found that a young lady of twenty was too volatile for a sober minded man of fifty. Disagreement followed, then neglect, and finally the thousand little quarrels, and snubbings, and bickerings, simmering down into a grand fight, which was kept up, with slight variations, for three months.

Finally, they agreed permanently to disagree, and availing themselves of the ease with which divorces are obtained in Indiana, the whole four removed to Indiana, where in due time the divorces were obtained.

The four came home as they went, together, the son taking the daughter under his special charge, and the father doing the agreeable to the widow. Long before they had arrived at Bucyrus, they had arranged matters on an entirely different basis—the father and the widow made up a match, and the son and daughter ditto. The marrying was performed immediately on their arrival at Bucyrus. Up to date they all appeared well satisfied with each other, and it is to be hoped that they will long continue so.

Stealings from Harper's Editor's Drawer.

A MUSKETO STORY.

The musketoes down on the Mississippi river are supposed to be rather large, and tolerably ferocious. I am not prepared to believe the story of the man who came to look for his cow one day, and found the skeleton on the ground and a large musketo on an adjacent tree picking his teeth with one of the horns. But I will say that it would take a man gifted with considerable imagination to exaggerate the prowess of those Southern swamp musketoes. We were discussing one night in a hotel in New Orleans, when one gentleman of the party told the following anecdote:

"There was once a man in the city who insisted on it that he was musketo-proof, and who offered to lie down in the worst place that could be found and let musketoes bite him for an hour for $10. My friend hearing him make the proposition took him at his word, and with several others, they both started off for a nice marshy place between the town and Lake Ponchartrain—a regular musketo paradise. Arrived on the ground the musketo chap took off his shirt and coat, and lay down on his face. The insects came down in crowds, lighted on his back, and biting commenced. If the man scratched he would lose his ten dollars; even squirming was prohibited. But he stood it like a Trojan; didn't give utterance to a single grunt. Half an hour passed. The ground all around was covered with gorged musketoes, who sucked until they were as drunk as judges, and were staggering about in a most discreditable style. A quarter of an hour ensued; more intoxicated suckers, and the man as unmoved and indifferent as a log. Suddenly one of the gentleman took two or three strong puffs at his cigar, and then chucked it on the musketo chap's back. First he winced, then he squirmed, then he yelled and scrambled up.

"I have come across a considerable number of musquitoes in my life," he remarked, scratching with one hand and working into his shirt at the same time, 'but I assure you gentlemen, I never see a musketo like that before. He wasn't much to hum, gentlemen,' he continued; 'but when it come to biting, gentlemen, that musquito was a snorter.'

"He lost his ten dollars and went home grumbling that when he made that 'ar bet he hadn't calculated on no bumble bees bein' smuggled in."

IN THE WRONG STATE.

In the good old times before the war, writes a good old friend in the lower regions, the candidates for office in the southern country were accustomed to resort to strange dodges to conciliate the people and get their votes. One of them, in the Old Dominion, while stumping the outskirts of his district, came early one morning upon a clearing where a solitary man was hoeing. Alighting from his horse, he took an extra hoe standing by, and commenced working very vigorously, at the same time delicately hinting who he was, and for what purpose he had come. The man, however, was obtuse, not seeming conscious of his visitor's design till just as the sun was sinking beneath the horizon, when he suddenly brightened up and said:

"Wa'al I reckon you're mighty good at hoein', and if I was only over in Old Virginny I'd vote for you."

The dismayed politician did not let the grass grow under his horse's feet till he was safely out of North Carolina, where he had labored hard all day for naught.

MISS ANNA E. DICKINSON addressed two immense Union meetings in Buffalo on Saturday evening. The *Express* mentions this after-incident:

"When Miss Dickinson returned to the residence of E. G. Spaulding, after her noble advocacy of the Union cause at the great meetings of Saturday evening, she found upon the toilet-table in her apartment a magnificent set of jewels, consisting of a breastpin and earrings, and the following note:

"Miss Dickinson, from friends in Buffalo."

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.

FROM MEADE'S ARMY.

A general digest this morning shows little news from Meade's army. The guerrillas gain boldness every day. On Tuesday night they captured a Major of our army and two mules belonging to headquarters. The same bands seized a Quartermaster and four men almost within sight of headquarters. A part of them made a raid upon Edsall's Station, five miles from Alexandria, and on the same day carried off several horses and mules.

CAVALRY SKIRMISH.

Gen. Kilpatrick's cavalry went out Wednesday towards Falmouth, and when near Hartwood Church fell in with two regiments of South Carolina and Georgia cavalry. After a half hour's skirmishing they were driven across the Rappahannock, with the loss of three killed and several wounded. The reconnoissance resulted in discovering no large force of the enemy in that region.

GEN. SCHENCK RELIEVED.

It is rumored that General Foster relieves General Schenck, who takes his seat in the next Congress.

LATEST FROM ST. DOMINGO.

Latest advices from St. Domingo are dated October 18. The rebels held possession of the entire Island, with the exception of the Capital and the East end.

AT BERMUDA.

Mrs. Ex-President Tyler was at Bermuda on the 31st of October.

There were a number of blockade runners at the Island.

PROVOST MARSHALS.

The United States marshals of all the loyal States, have been invited to aid the marshal of the District of Columbia, as chief marshal of ceremonies, in consecration of the National Cemetery at Gettysburg, on the 19th inst.

News dull generally.

RIOT AT MAUCH CHUNK.

A riot broke out at Mauch Chunk and Seanesville among the miners, during which a number of persons were killed and wounded. It has not subsided yet. The Governor has been telegraphed to for a military force. H.

Barbarous Treatment of Union Prisoners.

Retaliation Threatened by the President

Interesting from Army of the Potomac.

SUCCESSFUL CAVALRY SKIRMISHING.

No Rebels this side Rappahannock.

&c. &c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The *Times'* special from Washington 5th says: The mortality among our exchanged prisoners at Annapolis, and the too conclusive testimony of the barbarous usage of those in Richmond, have determined our Government to apply corrective retaliation, if the rebel authorities do not, upon remonstration, treat our captured men according to the rules of war.

A scarcity of food in Richmond may give color to a plea of necessity, as an excuse for insufficient nourishment to our men. But there is a design in this starvation, the rebels mean to force us to return to the old system of exchanging, which excluded officers of negro regiments, and, also, those of Colonel Straight's command, but they will not succeed. The President will not fail to protect the black men who have taken up arms at his call, nor white men who command them. He will not tolerate any proposition which seeks to establish distinctions between our black and white soldiers as prisoners of war.

It is probable that the new fractional currency will be suppressed, and a new effort at Government engraving and printing will be made.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The *Tribune* has the following:

Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Nov. 5.—One full corps of Lee's army are reported this evening to be encamped at Brandy Station, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad. Stuart's cavalry watch the fords on the south side of the Rappahannock. Lee's headquarters are at Culpepper. Deserters report that his army stretches from Culpepper to the heights of Fredericksburg, and numbers about 35,000 men of all arms.

Gen. Merritt, of the regular cavalry, while riding with his staff along the same road, and separated for a few moments from his command, was also attacked by a party of guerillas greatly outnumbering his staff, who, however, being mounted on fleet horses, eecaped, although bullets flew around them thickly.

Other futile attempts have been made to murder orderlies carrying dispatches from headquarters to distant points within our army lines.

The *Herald* has the following:

Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Nov. 5.—Day before yesterday Gen. Kilpatrick started for the Rappahannock by way of Hartwood Court House and Falmouth, striking the river near the latter place. The command returned to-day and report the country clear of regular rebels, so far as their observation extended, though they encountered several straggling guerrilla bands, with whom they skirmished moderately. On their return, when near camp, the rebels descended upon the rear of the wagon train and captured a sergeant, four men, four mules and a wagon.

Last night a major was captured within two miles of headquarters, and is now on his way to Richmond.

Kilpatrick's cavalry division went out on a reconnoissance yesterday, and when four miles this side of Barwood church, struck the rebel pickets, which they drove in a short distance, when a small body of them dismounted and sheltered themselves under a hill and awaited our further advance. The Michigan cavalry dislodged them from their position, and they were followed up by that regiment until they reached Falmouth, there they were reposed, but the remainder of Custer's brigade came up to their support, and the rebels, after half an hour skirmishing, were driven across the Rappahannock at the ford immediately above the old bridge, with a loss of 3 killed and several wounded.

Our loss nothing. Sheltering themselves in houses on the Fredericksburg side of the river, the enemy kept up a lively fire with their carbines, which was answered by the Michigan boys, but the range was too long for any effect on either side. As night approached, our cavalry fell back to Harwood Court House, and having accomplished the object of the reconnoissance returned this afternoon.

The enemy's force is considered about two regiments of cavalry from South Carolina and Georgia.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—Yesterday, the guerrillas made a raid upon Edson's Station, about five miles from Alexandria, capturing several horses and mules. Long came into the neighborhood Tuesday night, and captured a Union man, who escaped, after laying with them in the woods nearly all day yesterday. They talked in his presence about attacking some of the stations, but the man failed to reach our pickets in time to give warning.

These gangs are now prevented from coming down towards Vienna, and have abandoned that neighborhood.

Several parties of rebel cavalry dashed through our lines on our left and committed depredations in Prince William county the last few days. Yesterday Gen. Merritt sent out and seized all the inhabitants in the vicinity of his command, and sent them to headquarters to be disposed of by the Provost Marshal General.

Affairs at the front remain comparativeiy quiet. Yesterday a portion of the army moved down to the Rappahannock, and stationed its pickets along the river. There are now no rebels this side of the Rappahannock, except a small force of cavalry between the railroad crossing and Falmouth.

Most of Lee's army is believed to be near Culpepper. An impression prevails that the enemy will not make any decided stand this side of the Rapidan, should we advance.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—Gov. Gilmore, of New Hamshire, has issued a stirring address, calling upon the people of that State to fill their quota under the last call for troops by volunteering.

A JOCKEY lord met his old college tutor at a great horse fair. "Ah, doctor," exclaimed his lordship, "what brings you here among these high-bred cattle? Do you think you can distinguish a horse from an ass? "My lord," replied the tutor, "I soon perceived you among all these horses."

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MANUFACTURERS OF
COAL OIL;
AND REFINERS OF
PETROLEUM!
TRADE MARKS:
"LUCESCO BURNING COAL OIL;"
"LUCESCO BURNING OIL."
Warehouse, No. 11 WOOD Street.
I. M. PENNOCK, Pres't.
se7 C. H. ISRAEL, Secretary.

NORTH AMERICAN OIL CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
REFINED BURNING COAL
AND
CARBON OIL;
Kiskiminitis, Armstrong County.
Warehouse, No. 80 THIRD Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
se7 WM. F. JOHNSTON, Pres't.
GEORGE OGDEN, Secret'y.

ALLEN & NEEDLES, Philadelphia,
Commission Merchants,
For the sale of Crude and Refined
PETROLEUM, LARD, AND OTHER OILS.
se12

LAMPS.

THE
ALADDIN LAMP STORE.
WILLIAM M. MURRAY,
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in
LAMPS, CHANDELIERS &c.,
And Dealer in
LUBRICATING & REFINED OILS,
NO. 43 MARKET STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders from abroad promptly attended to. se7

CONFECTIONERY.

P. REYMER.....J. S. REYMER.....H. D. REYMER.
REYMER & BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN FRUITS,
NUTS, CONFECTIONERY,
SUGARS, FIRE WORKS, &c.
Also, Manufacturers of all varieties of
Fine Cream Candies, Chocolate Creams,
GUM, JELLY AND LIQUORICE DROPS,
JELLIES, SYRUPS, &c.
Nos. 102 and 104 WOOD St., abv FIFTH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HOTELS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE PROPRIETORS of the
GIRARD HOUSE,
PHILADELPHIA,.
Would respectfully call the attention of business men and the traveling community to the superior accommodations and comfort of their establishment.
KANAGA, FOWLER & CO.
se21

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL,
COVERLY & HUTCHISON, Proprietors,
HARRISBURG, PA.
This well known Hotel is now in a condition to accommodate the traveling public, affording the most ample conveniences alike for the transient guest and the permanent boarder.
THE UNITED STATES HOTEL has been entirely refitted throughout, and now has accommodations equal in extent, comfort and luxury to any hotel between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. Its location is the best in the State Capital, being in easy access to all the railroad depots, and in close proximity to all the public offices and business localities of the city. It has now all the conveniences of
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL.
and the Proprietors are determined to spare neither expense, time or labor to ensure the comfort of the guests. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited.
no6:3m

"THE UNION" HOTEL,
ARCH STREET,
Between THIRD and FOURTH streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
T. S. WEBB & SONS.
THOS. S. WEBB,
FRANK R. WEBB,
JESSE H. WEBB. se11:ly

THE NATIONAL HOUSE,
FIFTH STREET.
M'KEESPORT, PA
This delightful Summer Resort is now open for the reception of VISITORS and BOARDERS. FAMILIES can be accommodated with BOARDING, during the season, on very favorable terms. His TABLE is furnished with every delicacy which the market affords. It is easy of access by the Connellsville Railroad.
H. KLEINMAN.
M'Keesport, Sept., 1863.

THE BELLVIDERE HOUSE,
ED. EICHENLAUB,
PROPRIETOR.
NEAR SHARPSBURG. se19

RESTAURANTS.

ELI YOUNG'S
Restaurant and Eating Saloon,
Nos. 129 & 131 SMITHFIELD street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. sep7:ly

MILITARY EXCHANGE,
No. 48 Market Street,
LOUIS HAGER, Proprietor.
The very best of Shell and Can Oysters served up in every style, together with all the Delicacies of the Season.
LUNCH EVERY MORNING. oc8-1y

FRED. WEIS'.
CORNUCOPIA.
No. 8 Corner Fifth and Union streets.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. OYSTERS sold retail or wholesale. oc26:3m

SIGEL SALOON.
47 Fifth street, opposite the Theatre.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season.
LUNCH every morning. oc28:3m

OPEN AGAIN.—E. REINEMAN'S
DUQUESNE EATING HOUSE,
No. 67 SMITHFIELD street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Enlarged and fitted up in elegant style. All delicacies of the season always on hand.
Delicious OYSTERS, first of the season. oc17:ly

JOHN LUNDY'S
ELDORADO
Restaurant and Eating Saloon,
Corner of FIFTH and SMITHFIELD streets,
PITTSBURGH.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. se16:ly

FRED. JACOBS'
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 37 MARKET street.
se16:3m

VIERHELLER & ROESSING'S
BROADWAY SALOON RESTAURANT,
No. 64 FIFTH street,
Odd Fellows Hall Building,
se7:ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

BOWERY SALOON,
No. 48 FIFTH street, next door to Theatre,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
JAS. S. WILLIAMS.....Proprietor.
se7:3m

"OUR HOUSE,"
JOHN SHALER, Proprietor,
32 Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.
The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in every style, together with all the delicacies of the season. Oysters sold retail or wholesale. se22:3m

KOENIG'S SALOON,
No. 76 Fifth street, opposite Post-office.
HENRY SCHNEIDER & JACOB ROHR,
PROPRIETORS.
FRESH OYSTERS received daily, which we are prepared to serve up in every style. no3:2w

SILVER CLOUD SALOON,
(Late Capt. C. C. Seeley's.)
CHARLES MULLEN,
PROPRIETOR.
18 Market street.
The choicest ALES, WINES and LIQUORS kept constantly on hand. OYSTERS served in every style. no3:3m

JOHN MEYER'S
Restaurant and Eating Saloon,
No. 46 Smithfield street,
oc28:1y PITTSBURGH.

MRS. E. BOLLSTETTER'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,
No. 178 Wood street.
WARM LUNCH every morning. [oc31:3m

LIQUORS.

JOHN SEIFERTH.....CHARLES WEIHL.
JOHN SEIFERTH & CO.,
(Successors to Leopold Sahl,)
Importers and dealers in
Wines, Liquors and Cigars,
27 and 29 MARKET street, cor. Second,
se7 PITTSBURGH.

FRED. SCHIELD,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Groceries, Liquors, Wines and Cigars,
No. 17 PENN street, Pittsburgh.
se16:1y

JOSEPH ROSS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FAMILY SELECTED GROCERIES,
FOREIGN LIQUORS,
WINES AND CIGARS,
East side of the Diamond,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARRIAGES.

CORNWELL & KERR,
Carriage Manufacturers.
OLD ESTABLISHED COACH FACTORY.
Duquesne Way, near St. Clair Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
REPAIRING done as usual. se7

GROCERS.

WILLIAM BAGALEY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
Nos. 18 and 20 Wood Street,
sep7 Pittsburgh, Pa.
JOS. KIRKPATRICK.....WM. KIRKPATRICK.
J. KIRKPATRICK & BRO.,
[Successors to Brown & Kirkpatrick.]
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
Nos. 191 and 193 LIBERTY Street.
se16 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. MILLER, Phila.....C. W. RICKETSON, Pittsb'g.
MILLER & RICKETSON,
Wholesale Grocers
AND IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, WINES AND SEGARS,
Nos. 221 and 223, corner of LIBERTY and IRWIN Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarns, &c. &c., constantly on hand. se9

S. LINDSAY, JR.....J. TELFORD.
LINDSAY & TELFORD,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,
FLOUR, PRODUCE,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 187 LIBERTY STREET.
se7 PITTSBURGH.

S. H. LUCAS,
Grocer, Flour & Commission Merchant,
No. 265 Liberty street,
oc28:3m PITTSBURGH.

G. B. JONES.....O. B. JONES
GEORGE B. JONES & SON,
Wholesale Grocers and Boat Furnishers,
Dealers in MANILLA ROPE, OAKUM, OILS, PITCH and Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles, No. 141 WATER Street, above the Monongahela bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa. se9

JAMES DALZELL. J. WILLIS DALZELL
JAMES DALZELL & SON,
Lard Oil Manufacturers,
And Dealers in Crude and Refined Petroleum, and Lubricating Oils,
Nos. 69 & 70 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
se9

JOHN MOORHEAD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
For the Sale of Foundry and Forge Pig Iron, and every variety of Blooms,
No. 74 Water Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
se9

JEWELRY.

FINE GOLD AND SILVER
AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND GENENA.
WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
GOLD, SILVER and STEEL
SPECTACLES,
FANCY GOODS, &c.

J. M. ROBERTS
Desires to inform his friends and patrons that his present large stock of the above goods is being constantly replenished with all the new styles as fast as they appear in the Eastern cities, and that they can depend on getting a good article at the *lowest possible price.*

Fine WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY
REPAIRED.
JEWELRY and SILVER WAR

The Daily Commercial.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1863.

Publication Office, 72 and 74 Fifth Street, (2d Floor) Opposite Postoffice.

PUBLISHED BY
The Commercial Printing Co.

☞ Interesting reading and commercial matter will be found on the first and fourth pages.

BISHOP COLENSO is now styled the present Banquo of the English Church.

AT a coin sale in New York last week a silver dollar of 1794 brought the absurd price of $285.

THE number of dogs in the State of Ohio, as appears from the official returns, is 172,911.

HIGH LIVING.—Oysters are selling in Richmond at $2 50 per dozen, in the shell; peach brandy at $2 a drink, and common whisky at $1 50 do.

FRANCE has not recognized the Confederacy, but a wag, in the Natchez *Courier*, suggests that the Confederacy has recognized France.

THE Grand Duchess Olga, of Russia has a baby, and the Princess Amelia has safely produced an infanta. The royal females of Europe are industrious.

THE pretty girls in the national printing office gave the President a hearty welcome and a boquet when he visited the establishment a few days ago.

A VERDICT of $4,322 has been rendered in the New York Supreme Court against the executors of the Burton estate for a breach of contract on the part of the deceased manager with the Escott Opera Troupe.

DR. HURLEY, an eminent physician of Nashville, Tennessee, having lost his property by his devotion to the Union, and being finally compelled to abandon his home there, has settled in Washington, D. C., for the practice of his profession.

A VIOLENT Republican in Hartford met a Democratic coal dealer on the street and asked the price. "I suppose your coal is loyal?" queried the radical. "Well, it's black enough, if that's what you mean," rejoined the other.

IT is computed that the nicotine produced by one year's growth of tobacco on the whole world would destroy every living creature on the face of the globe, "if its proportion were administered in a single dose."

A SERIOUS affray occurred last Saturday near Lebanon, Ind., between Mr. Jno. Hendricks and a soldier. Hendricks drew a revolver and fired, nipping the soldier's ear, whereupon the latter dealt a few such heavy blows upon Hendrick's head, that he died soon afterward.

THE New York and New Haven Railroad Company has agreed by resolution of its Directors to redeem all the spurious shares of its stock in circulation, by giving one new share for two spurious shares held by any owner thereof.

AT the banquet to the English and French Admirals and ladies in New York, a few days since, one feature of the entertainment was the bills of fare, which were little silken flags, English, French, and American, made duble and attached to little mahogany staffs. The bill was printed in carmine on the inside surfaces.

A LONDON professor lectured recently on adulterations of food. He handed round coffee, which was pronounced excellent, then told the audience that they had been regaled with a mixture of bullock's blood, chickory, sheep's liver dried, and old coffee grouts. He gave them capital porter, too, made of spirits of wine, gum arabic and burnt sugar.

IN his letter to Governor Bradford the President expressed the duty of the military towards the civil power in a sentence that should be recorded as an axiom. "All loyal men shall vote, and vote for whom they please." This is the policy of the Government, and this will be the policy to the end.

A SHOOTING affair occurred in Lafayette, Ind., last Thursday night, between Lewis W. Fagan, a United States detective, and John W. Mullany, a coal merchant, both of Danville, Illinois. The trouble grew out of the arrest of a deserter, both claiming the custody of the runaway. A number of shots were fired on both sides, but no one was hurt, and in the melee the deserter escaped.

A FATAL affray occurred in Pierceton, Kosciusko county, Indiana, on the 22d ult. A man named Clark, boss on the railroad, while intoxicated, tried to break in the front door of a liquor shop kept by Baessler, when a Mr. James Ritchie rushed up behind and struck him so hard a blow with a billet of wood that he died the next day.

A COMPANY in Fitchburg, Mass., has contracted with the State authorities of Massachusetts for the manufacture of the heavy guns for the coast defence of that State, and are at the present time erecting buildings and machinery for that purpose. A portion of the guns are to be of the Blakeley pattern, weighing from twenty to thirty tons. The guns are all to be rifled, and are designed to throw a projectile weighing from three to six hundred pounds.

THERE is in Nova Scotia a young woman, seventeen years of age, who is seven feet two inches in height. She measures forty-three inches round the waist, thirty-three inches from her armpit to the tip of her fingers, weighs two hundred and seventy-four pounds, and has a foot thirteen inches long. She is good-looking and quite social, although diffident, not being accustomed to see the public, and her name is Anna Swan.

THE people of Mexico are becoming more hostile to the French every day. Lower California has raised $16,000 for military purposes; Chihuahua has sent forward her contingent of one thousand men, fully armed and equipped; a brigade from Oajca had also left to join the constitutional army. In the valley of Toluca and Tlaxcala they are resisting the invader with spirit. In a word, the strife is being renewed with enthusiasm and devotion.

WE copied from a Philadelphia paper, two or three days since, a notice that J. EDGAR THOMSON was in New York on his way to Russia. Another railroad engineer of the name of THOMSON was the person alluded to. President THOMSON, of he Pennsylvaniu Railroad, has his time fully employed with the cares of his own road, and has no thought of leaving that for any other situation. We do not believe that anything the Emperor of Russia has to tender is so important as the position he now holds.

A DIFFICULTY occurred on Friday last at Greencastle, Indiana, in which a recruiting officer named Skelton was shot by Howard Eckles, a son of Judge Eckles. It appears that Eckles was charged by Skelton with having said he was a Morgan man, which Eckles denied, when Skelton called him a liar. Some further words ensued, when Skelton struck Eckles with the back of his hand, whereupon Eckles drew a dagger and made three thrusts, two of which cut Skelton's arm slightly, while the third struck him back of the heart, and, his physician thinks, penetrated the left lung. Eckles was arrested and held in $1,000 bail.

General Geary a Prisoner.

Our despatches from the Southwest state that in a conflict with the rebels, at Collidersville, Ala., on Tuesday last, the renowned "White Star Division," (2d) of the veteran 12th Corps, again gained a victory, to use the language of General THOMAS, "over their old adversary," and signally repulsed a well concerted attack on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. General GEARY and a number of his staff, however, fell into the hands of the enemy.

General JOHN W. GEARY, has distinguished himself beyond, perhaps, any other General of equal rank in the service. He twice took Harper's Ferry from the grasp of the enemy, and recovered possession of all that portion of territory lying between Winchester and the Ferry, which he kept free from rebel marauders up to the time BURNSIDE made his ever memorable attack on Fredericksburg in December last, when he was called upon to operate in the section of the country lying between Acquia creek and Falmouth.

He was severely wounded in the arm at the battle of Cedar Mountain, and distinguished himself at Chancellorsville by holding in check thrice his number of the enemy. Here, too, he received a contusion from a shell, from which he, however, soon recovered.

In the battle of Gettysburg, it will be remembered, he with his gallant division defended the right of our lines, and drove back and almost annihilated after one of the severest contests upon record, EWELL'S whole corps, numbering some twenty thousand of the flower of the rebel army, known as the "Stonewall Brigade."

During their brief connection of one month with the Army of Tennessee, the 12th Corps have had two conflicts with overwhelming forces of the enemy under Longstreet, in both of which it came off victorious.

This Corps is composed mostly of troops from New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio, and the Second Division of men from the two last named States—several brigades consisting altogether of men from this vicinity and Eastern Ohio.

The community look with anxiety for the details of these recent contests.

Enrollment of Coal Boats.

Our coal men have been startled by a construction given to some of the acts of Congress, which would oblige them to register and take out a license for every barge or coal boat that descends the Ohio river to market. The course of our coal trade and the amount of tax proposed to be imposed would be fatal to our coal interests. Now all that the sharpest lawyers can pretend to be involved in this recent legislation is, that the general laws on this subject have been extended to the western rivers. But then this new construction has never been given on the rivers emptying into the Atlantic, where these laws have always been in force.

The anthracite coal trade, ten times larger than our Western coal trade, has never been subjected to this enrollment or taxation. We have no doubt that, when this matter is carefully looked into the late move is a mistake. The law does not cover the case, or it would have been enforced long since on vessels engaged in the coal trade of Philadelphia and Baltimore. If their Eastern coal can be sent to tide water relieved of this, tax so can ours.

Besides, we think favorably of another suggestion on this point. All these laws about trade only apply to those who carry for hire—in the language of the law, common carriers.

But our coal trade is not of that class. The owner sends his own coal to the merchant in his own boat. Laws regulating common carriers, and such are all our navigation laws, do not apply to this kind of trade.

We are quite confident that on both points, our coal men are safe. The mere attempt to raise a question that has never before been raised, is a strong argument against the construction now claimed.

THE INSURRECTION IN ST. DOMINGO.—The accont telegraphed from a Boston paper a few days ago that the insurrection in St. Domingo had been suppressed proves to have had no foundation in fact, but on the contrary, the New York *Journal of Commerce* says, a more general hostility is manifested, and the symptoms of disaffection are more widespread. Gen. Bargas, the new Captain-General, despatched by the Spanish authorities, is compelled to content himself for the present with a survey, from an adjacent island, of the territory assigned to his jurisdiction. The Imperial Government evidently has on hand a big job, in the effort to bring the Dominicians once more into subjection. It is only a little more than two years since St. Domingo became a second time a Spanish colony. By an act bearing date March 18, 1861, the republic was declared annexted to the Spanish crown. This deed was accomplished through the perfidy of President Santana, who, finding himself in universal detestation, devised means to prolong his term of office by selling the liberties of the people. The inhabitants vainly believed that when the nature of this transaction beceme known to the court at Madrid, the government would refuse to yield its sanction; but they were destined to disappointment, for on the 5th of April ensuing, the annexation was publicly proclaimed, despite the remonstrances of the neighboring republic of Hayti and other frendly powers. It is not surprising, then, that discontent breaks out once more in open rebellion. Nor would it be strange if Spain, to extricate herself from a difficult position, finally determines to evacuate the island.

THE rebels are giving up all their luxuries and enjoyments one by one, because they cannot afford to pay for them. Even gambling, which is an institution in Virginia, has received a death blow for the present. The faro banks in the rebel capital, thirty in number, must have had a run of luck, for they swallowed up large daily sums, and the *Enquirer* says they kept up the enormous high price of provisions by spending a thousand dollars for each day's marketing from each establishment. This was Confederate money, gentle reader, and therefore not more than what a first class gaming house always pays; but the Legislature of Virginia has ordered thirty-nine lashes, to be well laid on at the public whipping post, for gambling, and the result is that they have left Richmond, and will probably be compelled to leave the State or live in a more honest way.

A MEETING of New York capitalists, composed of such men as Peter Cooper, John J. Astor, Jr., Freeman Clark, John J. Phelps, Morris Ketchum, David Dows, Paul S. Forbes, Joseph Stuart, E. D. Morgan, Geo. Opdyke, Jonathan Sturges, Isaac N. Phelps, O. De Forest Grant, Isaac Sherman, A. Arnold, Elisha Riggs, and B. H. Hutton, was held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel in New York last week, to confer as to the desirability of establishing a large national bank in that city. After a free interchange of sentiment a resolution was passed that it was expedient to establish a bank with a capital of five million dollars with the privilege of increasing to fifty millions. A committee was appointed to receive subscriptions to the capital stock.

BY THE 20th inst. the arrangement of running through trains between New York and Washington will be completed. The Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad Company have had a number of cars constructed with wheels that will suit the guage of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company, and on and after the 20th inst. the passengers from New York to Washington will be conveyed through without change of cars or baggage.

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN AND VICINITY.—The note of preparation has commenced in the Army of the Cumberland. On the 26th the rebels were attacked by a force of Union soldiers and driven from Lookout Mountain. A description of the country between Bragg and Thomas may not be uninteresting at this time. The strong position of the rebels is in the Pigeon mountains, a range twenty-one miles long. This range has the greatest altitude of the southern extremity, where it is separated from the Lookout Mountains by Doherty Gap, a long and heavy pass. A less elevated gap, through which there is a good mountain road, is two miles this side, called Rape. Blue Bird is seven miles further north, and is a rugged pass. Dug Gap, upon which much work has been done, and so called from the fact that the road has been "dug" out, affords a good passage for an army, and is very defensible. This is in possession of the rebels, and is three miles from Blue Bird. Catlett's is a narrow pass, through which runs a mountain stream. This is two and a half miles further this way, and is a good road. The rebels have forces in that gap also. Two miles from this is Worthing, which is really a rough road over the mountain, that is impassable for artillery. Wicker is a good wagon road over the mountain, which has here diminished to the dimensions of a hill. One mile and a half from this the mountain ceases to be called such, and gives way to an undulating country.

The range is separated from the Mission Ridge, a mere ridge of hills that lies to the westward by, the Chicamauga valley, in which are fields of good corn, and which seems to be a productive district. A little further to the west, and separated by another valley, are the Lookout Mountains, the highest range of all, and which run to within two miles of Chattanooga. This range terminates abruptly at the Tennessee river with a bluff two thousand feet high, from the summit of which a prospect of almost unlimited extent can be enjoyed. Mountains, valleys, streams, towns, cultivated farms, and wild forests are spread out before you so lavishly and in such infinite variety that one leaves the summit with reluctance, lest his eyes should never again behold in this world a spectacle so full of grandeur, and in which the Divine hand seems so plainly to have left its impress. The mountain is said to have taken its name from the Indians, who sought this elevated point to "look out" for the boats of the white man as they passed up or down the stream.

The country lying between the Lookout and Pigeon Mountains, about twenty miles long and eight broad, at the most northward point, is called "McLamore's Cove," from an old Indian who inhabited that district when the white man first made his appearance there.—*St. Louis Republican.*

MARRIED:

FISHER—GOULD—On Thursday evening, Nov. 5th, at the house of David Baldwin, Esq., East Birmingham, Pa., by Rev. John Scott, D. D., Capt. JOHN FISHER, Company A, 6th regiment Virginia Volunteers, and Miss DORETHA GOULD, both of Fairmont, West Virginia.

JOYCE—DUNLAP—In St. Peter's Church, on Tuesday, November 3d, by the Rev. Dr. Van Deusen, HOWARD JOYCE, of East Liberty, and ROSANNA DUNLAP, of Lawrenceville.

DIED:

BECK—On November 5th, JOHN BECK, Sr., in the 67th year of his age.

The members of Monument Lodge, No. 421, I. O. O. F., in connection with the members of sister Lodges, are requested to meet at the Hall of Monument Lodge, corner of Fifth and Grant streets, on SATURDAY, the 7th inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M., to attend the funeral of Brother Beck, from the residence of Mrs. James T. Shannon, No. 635 Penn street, Fifth Ward.

YOUNG—In Lower St. Clair township, on the 5th of November, WILLIE D. YOUNG, son of William and Sarah Young, aged 4 years and 6 months.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. W. F. FUNDENBERG,

Has resumed the practice of his Profession, at
No. 142 Penn street,
oc26-3m two doors below Pitt street.

Editor of Commercial:

DEAR SIR.—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it free, a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications must contain 3c. return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
oc53m:d&w 831 Broadway, New York.

PACKET STEAMERS.

FOR CINCINNATI.
THIS DAY, Nov. 7, at 4 p. m.
The new and splendid passenger steamer SILVER CLOUD No. 2, J. B. CONWAY, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board, between Wood and Market street. no7

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.
THIS DAY, Nov. 7, at 4 p. m.
The new and splendid passenger steamer ARCOLA, A. C. MCCALLAM, Jr., Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
no7 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI.
SATURDAY, Nov. 7, at 4 p. m.
The new and splendid passenger steamer IDA REES, E. GORDON, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
no7 JOHN FLACK, Agent.

FOR CINCINNATI.
THIS DAY, Nov. 7, at 4 p. m.
The new and splendid passenger steamer ARGOSY No. 2, GEORGE W. REED, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board, foot of Wood street, or to JOHN FLACK, or
no7 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.—In accordance with a Circular from the War Department, of the Provost Marshal General's office, Washington, D. C., a bounty and premium of three hundred and two dollars is offered to each recruit. And for those who have been in the U. S. service not less than nine months $402. $55 of which will be paid on being mustered into the service.

Those who wish to benefit by this chance, will do well by calling at No. 76 FIFTH street, third story. L. B. RICHARD,
1st Lieutenant and Recruiting Officer.
no7:1m-e-o-d

GROVER & BAKER'S
PREMIUM SEWING MACHINES.
THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL
Ever Awarded to Sewing Machines in Illinois.

These Machines were awarded the Highest Premiums, *over all competitors*, for the *Best Family Sewing Machine*, the *Best Manufacturing Machines*, and the *Best Machine Work*, at the following STATE FAIRS, of 1863:

New York State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for double-thread machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Vermont State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Iowa State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Michigan State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Indiana State Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.
Illinois State Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.
Kentucky State Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.
Pennsylvania State Fair,
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for beautiful machine work.
Ohio State Fair,
First Premium for machine work.

And the following County Fairs:

Chittenden Co. (Vt.) Agricultural Society,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Chaplain Valley (Vt.) Agricultural Society,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.
Hampden Co. (Mass.) Agricultural Society,
Diploma for family machine.
Diploma for machine work.
Franklin Co. (N. Y.) Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
Queen's Co. (N. Y.) Agricultural Society,
First Premium for family machine.
Washington Co. (N. Y.) Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
Saratoga Co. (N. Y.) Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
Mechanic's Institute (Pa.) Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.

The above comprises all the Fairs at which the GROVER & BAKER MACHINES were exhibited this year. At nearly all of them the leading Sewing Machines were in competition.

The work made upon the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine has received the First Premium at every State Fair in the United States where it has been exhibited to this date.

Sales Rooms, No. 18 FIFTH street, Pittsburgh.
oc2-MWFs:d-c4w] A. F. CHATONEY, Agent.

U. S. CHRISTIAN COMMISSION MEETINGS.

Meetings in behalf of the CHRISTIAN COMMISSION will be held on Sabbath in the following Churches:

First Baptist Church, at 10½ a. m., Rev. George J. Mingins, of Philadelphia.

Liberty Street Methodist Episcopal Church, at 10½ a. m., Rev. C. P. Lyford, of Camp Convalescent.

St. Peter's Episcopal Church, at 5 p. m., Rev. Robert J. Parvin, D. D., of New York.

Welsh Congregational Church, at 3 p. m., Rev. B. W. Chidlaw, of Cincinnati.

A Union Meeting will be held in Rev. J. B. Clark's Church, Allegheny, at 3 o'clock, to be addressed by Rev. Messrs. Mingins, Castle and Lyford.

A Union Meeting, at which all the Delegates will be present, will be held in the First Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, at 7½ o'clock.

GEORGE H. STUART, Esq., Chairman of the Commission, has notified the Committee that he will be present at these meetings, if possible.

The public is cordially and earnestly invited to attend.

BIRDS.—German SINGING BIRDS, Thrush, Starr, Gold Finch, Red Birds and Canaries, for sale at 238 Penn street.
no6:3t GEORGE DENGEL.

COOPERAGE.
CHARLES SCHOEPFLIN,
Corner of East Lane and Third street,
ALLEGHENY,
Is prepared to manufacture to order Ale, Oil Whisky and all other kinds of BARRELS, at reasonable rates. no6:6m

GREAT BARGAINS
IN
DRY GOODS,
AT
E. R. GARDNER & CO.'S,
92
Market street.
no6

AN ORDINANCE FOR WEIGHING COAL, NUT COAL AND HAY.

Sec. 1. Be it ordained, and it is hereby enacted by the Borough Council of M'Keesport, that from and after the legal publication of this ordinance that all Hay, Coal and Nut Coal shall be weighed on the Borough Scales as hereafter specified.

Sec. 2. There shall be within the borough limits one weigh scales the capacity of six tons for the weighing of such articles as may be hereinafter provided for; said scales to be located at a point easy of access, and suited to the convenience of the public.

Sec. 2. All hay offered for sale within the Borough shall be weighed before being delivered, on the scales hereby authorized, and it shall be the duty of the Weighmaster to weigh all the hay brought to the borough for sale, and give a certificate thereof, for which he shall be entitled to be paid by the vender the sum of 25 cents for each load weighing over one ton, and 20 cents for each load weighing under one ton. Any person who shall sell or purchase any hay within the said borough without it being first so weighed and certified, or shall offer to sell, or sell the same contrary to the said weight or certificate, shall forfeit and pay for each offence the sum of Ten dollars, and any weighmaster or deputy who shall purchase any hay other than for his own use, shall forfeit and pay for each offence, upon conviction thereof, the sum of Ten Dollars.

Sec. 4. All Coal or Nut Coal bought, sold or delivered within the borough in carts, wagons or other vehicles, shall be weighed upon said scales and the number of bushels in each load ascertained by weighing by the weighmaster thereof at the rate of seventy-six pounds to the bushel, and if any person shall offer for sale, or sell or deliver, or receive payment for any load of coal or nut coal which has not been so weighed, and the number of bushels therein ascertained, and before he has obtained a certificate thereof, or having received such certificate shall sell or otherwise dispose of said load, or any part or parcel thereof contrary to the certificate, or attempt to impose a false certificate in the sale thereof, or when he hath made sale shall not, in the delivery of the coal or nut coal, also deliver the certificate of it to the purchaser, he shall for every such offence forfeit, and pay the sum of Five Dollars, and every person purchasing and paying for coal or nut coal not previously weighed and certified, shall likewise forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of Five Dollars, and if any weighmaster authorized by this ordinance shall purchase any coal or nut coal other than for his own use, he shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of Twenty Dollars. Provided: That this section shall not apply to manufacturers who purchase by continuous contracts, where the buyer and seller agree to waive weighing under this ordinance.

Sec. 5. A Weighmaster shall be appointed for the scales authorized by this ordinance, whose duty it shall be to weigh all that may be offered for weighing, and to keep a Register in which he shall enter every load weighed, with the weight of the same and the fees received for weighing. He shall furnish a certificate stating the number of bushels therein contained of coal or nut coal, and the number of pounds, if of other articles.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of Council to elect a Weighmaster the first Monday of October in each year, whose salary shall be 50 per cent. of the gross receipts of the scales.

Sec. 7. The Weighmaster shall give bonds, with one or more sufficient securities, in the sum of two hundred dollars, to be approved by the Council, as conditions for the faithful performance of his duties. He shall pay over to the said Treasurer, for the use of the borough, on the first Monday of every month, the per centage to which the borough is entitled to under his contract, and his register shall always be open to public inspection.

Sec. 8. For weighing coal or nut coal the Weighmaster shall be allowed to charge the following fees, and no more, which shall be paid at the time the certificate of weight measure is given: For each load containing 25 bushels and under, Five Cents; for each load containing over 25 and not more than 40 bushels, Ten Cents; for each load containing more than 50 bushels, Fifteen Cents, and in all cases where a load contains the fractional part of a bushel, less than half a bushel shall not be counted, but if over a half bushel it shall be counted as one bushel.

Sec. 9. For all single drafts, other than coal or nut coal and hay, of articles the weighing of which is not otherwise specially provided for, he shall be allowed to charge the following fees and no more: If less than one ton 25 cents; if over one ton and less than two tons, 30cents; if over two tons, at the rate of 40 cents per load.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the said weighmaster to keep his weights and scales in good order and repair, and in all cases where mud and dirt or other extraneous substances shall adhere to any vehicle weighed, it shall be the duty to make a suitable deduction for the same, as also for every undue moisture in hay or nut coal.

Sec. 11. All fines imposed by this ordinance shall be sued for and recovered before the Burgess or any Justice of the Peace, as other fines arising under said borough ordinances are now by law recoverable; one-half thereof to the use of said borough, and the other half to the person who may sue for the same.

Sec. 12. That all ordinances heretofore in relation to weighing hay, and are now in force, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

JOHN W. PATTERSON, Burgess.
JAS. H. BERRY, Clerk.
McKeesport, Nov. 5, 1863. (no6:3t

Iron City College.

HON. WILSON MCANDLESS,
Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court, President.
Cor. PENN and ST. CLAIR streets, Pittsburgh.

THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST. $35 pays for a full Commercial course.

No extra charges for Manufacturers, Steamboat, Railroad and Bank Book-Keeping.

Ministers' sons at half price. Students enter and review at any time.

This Institution is conducted by experienced Teachers and practical Accountants, who prepare young men for active business at the least expense and shortest time, for the most lucrative and responsible situations. Diplomas granted for merit only. Hence the universal preference for graduates of this College, by business men.

Professor A. Cowley, the best penman or the Union, who holds the largest number of Premiums, and over all competitors, teaches Rapid Business Writing.

For specimens of Penmanship and Catalogue containing full information, inclose twenty-five cents to JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh.

☞ Attend where the sons and clerks of bankers and business men graduate. se9

J. B. M'FADDEN & CO.,
95 Market street,
Have just received an elegant addition to their stock of
FINE WATCHES,
Diamonds,
Jewelry,
Silverware and
Fancy Goods.

Anticipating an increase trade for the coming Holidays, we are making our arrangements accordingly, and we will be in daily receipt of GOODS suitable for the season. We would invite an examination of our Stock. no5:2m

DUQUE DO PORTO.—50 dozen Port Wine, imported in glass, and a very superior Wine; in store and for sale by
oc10 MILLER & RICKETSON.

VIERHELLER'S
OYSTER DEPOT.
Select Family Oysters received daily, wholesale and retail.
NOS. 71 AND 73 FIFTH ST.,
oc(30) H. VIERHELLER.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

We have this day associated with us, in the GLASS business, A. U. HOWARD.
JOHN A. WOLFE,
T. CAMPBELL.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 2, 1863. no3:2w

FRANK J. BUCHARD,
No. 169 Smithfield street.
All kinds of
Second-Hand Furniture, Bedding, etc.
BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED.
no3:3m

STORE TO LET, in Allegheny, on FEDERAL street, above the Market House. Inquire at the St. Lawrence Hotel.
no3:3m JAMES McDONALD.

KREBS & BRO.,
LITHOGRAPHERS AND PRINTERS,
Corner Wood and Fifth streets,
PITTSBURGH.
Bonds, Certificates of Stock and Deposit: Bank Drafts and Checks executed in the highest style of the art. Orders by mail promptly attended to. se2:3m

CORKS!
GLASS & ARMSTRONG,
No. 122 Third street,
PITTSBURGH.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CORKS,
of every description.
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
oc2-1y-eW.&S

THE FAIRY SEWING MACHINE,

For Mrs. Chas. S. Stratton, (Mrs. General Tom Thumb,)
MANUFACTURED BY
WHEELER & WILSON
Sewing Machine Co.,
Office: 27 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

This LILLIPUTIAN SEWING MACHINE which attracted so much attention at the late Fair at the American Institute, is richly gilt, plated, and pearled. The balance-wheel, band-wheel, shafts, etc., are heavily plated. Though of *petite* dimensions, the Machine is suited to practical work, and is furnished with drawers and all the appliances ordinarily sent with the Machine.

The body of the case is 20 inches high and 15 inches deep, made of richly-carved rose-wood, inlaid with elaborate and beautiful arabesques in pearl and gold, and lined with satinwood. The panels are painted with tasteful devices.

Cupid and Psyche smile upon you from the cover; rosy little Cherubs with dimpled chins and wings outspread—as the old masters loved to paint them—hover on the sides; the little bride herself, attired as the 'Goddess of Liberty,' is faithfully portrayed on one panel, and General Tom Thumb, as 'Young America,' is gorgeous on another; while a mimic representation of the little bridal party, with their attendants, and their flowing white bridal garments, gives significance to the whole.

Messrs. WHEELER & WILSON carried off their accustomed honors at the Fair; the

HIGHEST PREMIUM
for the best
DOUBLE-THREADED SEWING MACHINE; BEING THE MOST PERFECT AND SIMPLE IN ITS CONSTRUCTION and WORKING POINTS.

Also, for their Button and Eyelit Hole Machine; for novelty and the perfection of its work; Diploma for a beautiful specimen of Machine Braid work, and a Silver Medal for FOOTE'S

Patent Umbrella Lock Stand.
oc29 *Illustrated News, Oct.* 24.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF
NEW AND SEASONABLE
DRY GOODS,
AT
JAMES GOSLING'S,
No. 108 Market street.
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
MILLINERY GOODS,
BONNETS, &c.
CALICOS,
GINGHAMS,
SILKS,
WORSTED, of all kinds,
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETTS,
TWEEDS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
HOSIERY.
Also, a full and carefully selected stock of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
all of which he will sell at the
VERY LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
oc19

GEORGE E. SHAW,
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,

AND MANUFACTURER OF
PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS,
CARBON OIL HYDROMETER,
DISTILLER'S THERMOMETERS,
SACCHAROMETERS, &c
IMPORTER OF
FINE FIELD GLASSES,
TELESCOPES, &c.
ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES
MADE TO FIT AND WARRANTED TO SUIT.
No. 58 FIFTH STREET,
Next door to Adams' Express Office.

JUST RECEIVED—
A fresh supply of
DR. HUMPHREY'S
HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS.
Also, a large and well selected stock of
FINE PERFUMERY,
POMADES, HAIR OIL,
COMBS, HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES.
A well selected stock of
Patent or Family Medicines,
FINE CIGARS, CHOICE BRANDS,
Phalon's New Perfume—Night-blooming Cereus—a most fragrant perfume.
And all other popular Perfumes, at
FULTON'S DRUG STORE,
no5 FIFTH STREET.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Nov. 3, 1863.
THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR per cent., on the capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, free of Government tax, on or after the 13th inst.
no4 JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

MECHANICS' BANK,
Pittsburgh, November 3, 1863.
THE MECHANICS' BANK has this day declared a dividend of FOUR per cent. out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders, on or after the 13th inst., free of Government tax.
no4:10t G. D. McGREW, Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK, Nov. 3, 1863.
THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR per cent., on the capital stock, payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 13th inst., free of Government tax. J. W. COOK,
no4:td Cashier.

MERCHANTS' AND MANUFACTURERS' BANK,
Pittsburgh, November 3, 1863.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR per cent, on the capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 13th inst., free of all taxes.
no4 JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

PITTSBURGH, November 3, 1863.
THE DIRECTORS of the EXCHANGE BANK, of Pittsburgh, have this day declared a dividend of FIVE per cent., out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on or after the 13th inst., clear of United States tax.
no4:2w H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

CITIZENS' BANK, Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1863.
THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE per cent. (5-100) on the capital stock, payable to stockholders, or their legal representatives, on or after the 13th inst. The Government tax on same will be paid by the Bank.
no4 GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1863.
THE DIRECTORS OF THE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of TWO AND A HALF DOLLARS upon each share of the capital stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, payable to stock holders on or after the 13th inst.
no4:td F. M. GORDON, Secretary.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 2, 1863.
THE PRESIDENT AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per share on the stock of the Pittsburgh Trust Company to the 1st of August, and TWO DOLLARS per share on the capital stock of the First National Bank out of the profits to the 1st inst., payable on or after Tuesday, the 10th inst.

The holders are hereby notified that the final payment of the subscription to the capital stock, viz: twenty-five dollars per share, will be required on or before the first day of May next.
no4 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

SAVE YOUR GAS BY USING
Gleason's Anti-Flickering, American and Imperial Gas Burners,
A sure saving of twenty-five per cent. The ANTI-FLICKERING is just the thing for the office.
Call and see them burn at the Gas Fitting and Plumbing establishment of
WELDON & KELLY,
no4 164 Wood street.

N. SIEDLE & BRO.,
DEALERS IN SOEBBLER & SMITH'S
Pianos, Musical Instruments, Strings, &c.,
No. 183 Smithfield street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Pianos tuned, and Musical Instruments repaired. no4:2m

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS;
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS;
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS;
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS;
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS
IN
DRY GOODS,
AT
BARKER & CO.'S,
oc29 59 Market street.

GENTLEMEN BUY YOUR
FINE WHITE SHIRTS,
TRAVELING SHIRTS, COLLARS,
UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS,
NECK TIES, SCARFS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES, HALF HOSE,
SUSPENDERS, &c., at
McCULLOCH'S
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE,
81 MARKET STREET.
☞ The LARGEST STOCK in the city, and selected expressly for Retail Trade. oc17

GRAPES.—We have packed away, for Winter use, the following varieties of Grapes:
DELAWARE.
CONCORD.
DIANA,
HERBEMONT,
ELSINGBURG.
TOKALON.
TAYLOR,
UNION VILLAGE.
ANNA,
REBECCA.
CATAWBA,
and ISABELLA.
Parties can be supplied by leaving their orders at No. 29 FIFTH street.
no3 J. KNOX.

OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE.
Albums;
Albums;
Albums;
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.
FOR 30 CARDS $3.50;
" 40 " 4.00;
" 50 " 4.50;
ALL TURKEY BOUND.
SEE THEM;
SEE THEM, at
PITTOCK'S,
oc29 Opposite the Post Office;

PURVIANCE'S
PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS,
Corner Fifth and Market streets,
2d and 3d stories, over Richardson Jewelry store,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHOTOGRAPHS
OF EVERY STYLE,
PLAIN OR COLORED,
from the popular
CARTE-DE VISITE to
CABINET and LIFE SIZE.
Mr. PURVIANCE
Would particularly call the attention of the
AGED AND INFIRM to the easy accessibility
of this establishment, being reached by a single short flight of stairs.
Prices Moderate,
and satisfaction guaranteed. se7

CHAMPAGNE BRANDY.—200 cases imported in glass; in store and for sale low by [oc10] MILLER & RICKETSON

THE PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1863.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—

Lessee and Manager.....WM. HENDERSON.
Treasurer.....H. OVERINGTON.

Sixth night of the engagement of the popular artiste,

Miss CHARLOTTE THOMPSON,

who will appear in her double personation of Edith and Zeldia.

THIS EVENING will be presented the beautiful play entitled

EDITH AND ZELDIA.

Edith and Zeldia.....Miss Charlotte Thompson.
Lord Darrell.....J. Ogden.
Charlswood.....C. Loveday.
SONG.....Miss a'Becket.
To conclude with
IRELAND AS IT WAS.
Ragged Pat.....J. O. Seffon.
Judy O'Trot.....Annie Ward.
In rehearsal, Clouds with Silver Lining.

SIGEL CONCERT HALL,

No. 47 Fifth street, opposite the Theatre.

Theatrical performances every EVENING, with Declamations, Solos, Duetts, and Terzetts out of the latest Farces and Operas, by

Mad. MUELLER,
Mr. MERBITZ, and
Mr. GOLDSCHMIDT.

Admission FREE. In rehearsal JOHN and HANNE. WM. RUECKEISEN,
oc30tf Proprietor.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK, } Pittsburgh, October 15, 1863. }

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, the 16th day of November next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, the 3d day of November, at 10 o'clock, A. M. JOHN SCOTT, Jr.,
oc16:1m Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK, October 14th, 1863.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house on the 16th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 2 o'clock, P. M.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders will be held on the 3d day of November next, at 12 o'clock, M. J. W. COOK,
oc15:1m Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK, OF PITTSBURGH, } October 14, 1863. }

THE ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, November 15th, 1863, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M.

The annual meeting of Stockholders will take place on TUESDAY, November 2d, at 11 o'clock, A. M. H. M. MURRAY.
oc15:1m

CITIZENS BANK, Pittsburgh, Oct. 15th, 1863.

AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, November 16th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The regular Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 3d, at 11 o'clock, A. M. GEO. T. VAN DOREN,
oc17:1m Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Stock Transfer Books of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company will be closed on the SECOND (2d) DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, and so remain until after the annual meeting of Stockholders in December next, for the election of Directors of said Company for the coming year.

W. O. HUGHART,
oc29 Secretary and Treasurer.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.—The Stockholders of the ADVENTURE MINING COMPANY, of Michigan, are hereby notified that a meeting of Stockholders will take place on TUESDAY, the 10th day of November next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the office of the Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, for the purpose of considering the propriety of reorganizing under the General Mining Laws of Michigan, with 20,000 shares—and for such other business pertaining to the affairs of the Company as may properly come before the meeting. Stockholders who may not be able to attend, are requested to send in their proxies, so that they may be represented at said meeting.

By order of Directors,

JAMES M. COOPER,
Secretary of Adventure Mining Company, of Michigan. oc17:td

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on THURSDAY, the 12th day of November, A. D. 1863, for the purpose of accepting or rejecting the following named Acts and Supplements, passed by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, at its last session, to wit: "An act to repeal the ninth section of an act authorizing the laying out of a State Road from the borough of Orwigsburg, in Schuylkill county, to intersect a public road leading from Easton to Mauch Chunk, and for other purposes," approved the 1st day of April, A. D. 1863. "A supplement to an act to incorporate the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company," approved the 11th day of April. A. D. 1863. Also, "A supplement to an act to incorporate the Safe Harbor and Susquehanna Turnpike Road Company," *et cetera*, approved the 11th day of April, A. D. 1863. THOS. E. BLAIR,
CYRUS P. MARKLE,
JOHN A. CAUGHEY,
J. R. MARSTON,
W. W. TAYLOE,
A. MILLAR,
H. BURGWIN,
JOHN S. DILWORTH,
DANL. R. DAVIDSON,
W. S. HAVEN,
Directors of the Pittsburgh & Conn. R. R. Co.
Pittsburgh, Oct. 27th, 1863. oc28tf

DECKER'S PIANOS.—In speaking of Carl Anshutz's Concerts, in New York, the editor of the *Musical Review and World* makes the following remarks:

"The instruments used on this occasion were of a comparatively new firm, of the name of DECKER & BROTHERS, and gave very gratifying evidence of excellent workmanship, and powerful and brilliant tone. Decker's Pianos are undoubtedly the best manufactured now in this country."

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh,

J. M. HOFFMAN & BRO.,
oc31 No. 51 Fifth street.

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership existing between the undersigned, under the firm of CHAS. ROEDEL & CO., Copper and Sheet Iron Manufacturers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Each of the partners is authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of the business of said partnership.

CHAS. ROEDEL,
WM. STENNERT,
HENRY DAEWERITZ.
Pittsburgh, October 31, 1863. no2:1w

NEW GOODS.

We have now in store a complete stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Most of which were purchased before the late advance in price, and will be sold at low rates. Cloak Ornaments, guipure laces, braids and bindings, lace collars, linen collars, breakfast setts in new styles, linen handkerchiefs, Old goods at old prices: silk and cashmere neck scarfs, ribbons, flowers, feathers and ruches; felt hats, beaver hats, silk hats, head dress and head wear, in every style; bonnet velvets, bonnet silks, skating caps, hoods, Zouave jackets, breakfast capes, coatings, balmoral skirts, entirely new styles; sly quaker and other new hoop skirts; French and American corsets, balmoral stockings, Boston, ribbed, Shaker, knit and other kinds, for fall and winter. Gloves in every size and quality; good pair kid gloves, in dark colors and plain black, for $1.10; good white kid gloves for $1.00. Men's Shetland wool shirts and drawers; real Scotch and a full line of other Undergarments and Furnishing Goods for men women and children.

Wholesale Rooms up Stairs.

Buyers from Country or City dealers, will find our stock at all times well assorted, and prices as low as any other house.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
oc31 Nos. 77 and 79 MARKET street.

T. F. WATSON

PRACTICAL CEMENTER

AND

MASTIC WORKER,

Is prepared to cement the exterior of buildings, with the New York improved Mastic Cement. This material differs from all other Cements. It forms a solid, durable adhesiveness to any surface, and makes a beautiful fine finish equal to stone. Among others for whom I have applied the Mastic Cement, I refer to the following gentlemen:

James McCandless, residence Western avenue, Allegheny, finished five years. T. Bissell, residence Penn st., Pittsburgh, finished five years. J. H. Shoenberger, residence Lawrenceville, finished five years. A. Hoeveler, residence Lawrenceville, finished four years. St. Charles Hotel and Girard House, Pittsburgh, finished five years. Kittanning Court House and Bank, for Barr & Moser, architects, Pittsburgh.

Address T. F. WATSON,
se9 Postoffice box 1306, Pittsburgh

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY ENTIRE STOCK of

SHIP CHANDLERY AND BOAT STORES

TO

RENO, MARATTA & Co.

Who will continue the business at the

OLD STAND,

No. 47 Front street.

To those of my friends who have patronized me during the last fifteen years, while connected with the firm of ISHAM & FISHER, ISHAM, FISHER & Co. and JOHN G. ISHAM, I return my thanks, and solicit a continuance of the patronage to my successors, Messrs. RENO, MARATTA & CO., cheerfully recommending them as being every way worthy of it.

My office will remain for the present with Messrs. RENO, MARATTA & Co., where I hope to have the pleasure of seeing my customers and friends. JNO. G. ISHAM.

Cincinnati, October 19, 1863.

HAVING purchased the stock of Jno. G. Isham, and succeeded in the firms of Isham & Fisher, Isham, Fisher & Co. and John G. Isham, in the SHIP CHANDLERY AND BOAT STORE business, we hope to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage bestowed upon them.

JOHN C. RENO,
FRANK MARATTA,
FRANK X. RENO,
No. 47 Public Landing.
Cincinnati, October 19, 1863. oc26:1f

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The Stapleton Case.—The case of James Stapleton, indicted for the murder of Mary Burke, will be taken up in the Criminal Court on Monday next.

Patent issued.—Among the list of patents issued from the United States Patent Office, for the week ending November 3d, was one to William Smith, of Pittsburgh, Pa., for apparatus for making plumbago crucibles.

Street Crossing.—Elegant, substantial broad stone crossings have been laid across Pike street, at the Allegheny Valley Railroad depot. Heretofore in wet weather persons have almost had to wade to reach the depot building; now they can cross dry shod.

Price of Gas.—Owing to the advance in coal and other articles used in the manufacture of gas, the price of that article in Harrisburg will be raised to three dollars per thousand cubic feet on and after the first of December.

Reading Matter.—For all the illustrated papers, literary weekly and daily papers, magazines and books, stationery, etc., call in at Pittock's, opposite the Postoffice, and make your selection; Pittock has everything in the reading line, as well as a choice selection of albums.

Sad Affair.—Findley Ewing, a well-known farmer of West Lampeter, Lancaster county, committed suicide by hanging on Wednesday. Deceased was a bachelor, and well to do in the world, but ever since the commencement of the rebellion has been depressed in mind.

To be Shot.—Henry H. Williams, of Greensburg, has been found guilty of desertion and sentenced to be shot to death by musketry, and as the sentence has been approved by Gen. Meade and ordered to be executed, there is little hope that his life will be spared. He belonged to Col. Coulter's regiment.

Elopement.—An elopement took place in Harrisburg on Monday evening, the parties being a good looking clerk in the Quartermaster's Department and a young lady of very respectable family, but who, it is said, was betrothed and was shortly to have been married to another individual.

Pittsburrghes Absent.—Among the list of arrivals at Philadelphia hotels on Thursday were the following Pittsburghers: J. Morganstern, G. T. Robinson and wife, Hon. W. F. Johnston and wife, W. Flaccus, Chas. G. Smith.

At the hotels of Washington city S. McElhany and S. Pollock, of this city, were registered among the arrivals.

Coroner's Inquest.—Coroner McClung night before last held an inquest on the body of a man by the name of Henry Weidenmyre, who fell dead day before yesterday afternoon, about four o'clock, at the Stone House tavern in Union township, beyond Temperanceville. The deceased was an intemperate man, and fell dead in a fit. The verdict of the jury was death from intemperance.

Will Leave To-day.—Major General James S. Negley will leave to-day to resume command of his gallant division in the Army of the Cumberland. During his brief stay at home, the General has greatly improved in health, and returns to his command re-invigorated. He takes with him the high esteem of all his fellow-citizens, and we wish for him still higher honors than those he now so meritedly wears.

Soldiers' Vote.—The Pennsylvania regiments under General Burnside held an election on the 13th of October last, to express their choice for Governor. The result was as follows:

	Curtin.	*Woodward.*
Forty-eighth	200	—
Forty-fifth	268	14
One Hundredth	303	3
Total	771	17

Preparing for the Winter Session.—Workmen have of late been employed in preparing the Capitol building for the approaching session of the Legislature. The building has suffered much from its occupation by the militia during the past season, the furniture being abused, the carpets ruined, the painting tarnished and the floor littered with camp rubbish. New and handsome carpeting has been laid in the halls of the Senate and House, the desks have been re-covered, and both chambers have been repainted and thoroughly renovated. Most of the members have already selected their seats.

Reward for Arresting Deserters.—The following circular has been issued relative to the reward to be paid for apprehending deserters: 1. Deputy Provost Marshals and special Agents employed in accordance with paragraph 12 of the Regulations for the government of the Provost Marshal General's Bureau, are not entitled to the reward of thirty ($30) dollars paid for the apprehension and delivery of deserters. 2. All deserters must be delivered to the Provost Marshal of the district in which the arrest is made, in order that the necessary investigation may be had and proper action taken. No rewards for arrest of deserters will be paid unless the person arrested is so delivered, and the fact of delivery certified to by the Provost Marshal who receives him.

Christian Commission Meetings.—No meetings have ever been held in this county that have attracted such large numbers of people as the Christian Commission meetings, addressed by returned delegates. These delegates return from the field and hospital, with hearts and minds filled with a noble enthusiasm, and by their earnest eloquence thrill all hearers. We notice in the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, of Monday, that the one hundred and fifth meeting of the Commission in that city, had been held there on Sabbath evening, attended by a vast audience of two thousand people. Five or six delegates from Philadelphia and New York, will address Union meetings to be held to-morrow afternoon in Rev. J. B. Clark's church, in Allegheny, at 3 o'clock, and in the First Presbyterian chuch, Pittsburgh, at 7½ o'clock. Meetings will also be held in various churches in the morning, for notice of which see advertisement in another column.

Recklessness.—Notwithstanding the frequent warnings, boys continne to be as reckless as ever. Day before yesterday we noticed several jumping on the cow-catcher of the locomotive just as the train left the Allegheny depot for Pittsburgh. The engineer did not discover them until he was on the tressle-work, and was obliged to run on to Anderson street, where he stopped the train and put them off. Yesterday we counted eight, varying in age from six to fourteen years on the cow-catcher of the freight train, as it was backing down Liberty street to the Point depot. We do not wonder that so many accidents occur, the only wonder being that no more are killed.

Legal Intelligence.

SUPREME COURT.—Present, Chief Justice Lowrie, and Judges Woodward, Thompson, Strong and Read. Friday, Nov. 6, 1863.

The argument in the Commonwealth's Appeal, Armstrong county, was concluded, when the Court adjourned until Monday, at which time the list for Westmoreland, Fayette and Greene will be taken up.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Before Judges Mellor, Stowe and Brown.

FRIDAY, NOV. 6, 1863.

In the Oyer and Terminer, the case of William Golden, chrrged with the murder of Benjamin Chambers, was taken up. The alleged homicide took place on the 17th of June last, on Mount Washington, where the accused was guarding the property of William Bond. The particulars of the case are about as follows: Deceased was working with others at the fortifications, and, after dinner having a desire for strawberries, went with a fifty cent piece into the strawberry field of Mr. Bond, intending to buy some berries. This same field, together with fruit trees of the neighborhood, had been greatly damaged by those working on the fortifications, whichh had called for an armed guard around there, to prevent further mischief. Golden had just called the guard to dinner to the house, and remained in his place in the meantime with a rusty old gun, supposed to be unloaded— for several trials to fire it, with the heaviest caps, proved of no avail. Defendant was merely to make a show, to scare people off. When Benjamin Chambers passed through the field, defendant aimed at him and (perhaps a little of the percussion composition having remained in the tube) the load was discharged, and took effect in the left side, a few shot hitting his face, which caused copious bleeding, and insensibility. Dr. Bond, with another man, carried him into the shade, washed his face, and removed him to his father's house in Saw Mil Run, whese Dr. Webb attended him till he died.

About ten o'clock a jury was sworn, when District Attorney Kilpatrick opened the case for the Commonwealth. The testimony for the prosecution was then heard, and fully established the fact of the killing, defendant's counsel not denying the homicide. Er. Marshall, in opening the case, stated that the defence would be—the mental imbecility of the defendant, who had been known as a harmless simpleton from infancy. Some half dozen witnesses were then examined on the point, and their knowledge of the defendant covered a period ranging from fifteen to twenty years. They all testified to the fact that the defendant was not capable of discerning properly between right and wrong.

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, by reason of insanity, and defendant was remanded until some legal measured were taken for his care and protection.

Death of Lieut. Geary—Captain Atwell.

Capt. Veale, of Gen. Geary's staff, arrived in the city yesterday with the remains of Lieut. Geary, (son of Gen. John W. Geary,) who was killed in the recent battle of Wauhatchie, Ala. Lieut. Geary belonged to Knap's famous battery, and was killed about the same time that his Captain was. Lieut. Geary was about nineteen years of age, and was a brave and gallant officer. In obedience to the request of his father, his remains will be interred alongside those of his mother, in the village cemetery of Salem, Westmoreland county.

In relation to the death of Captain Atwell we learn the following. During the fight on the night of the 28th, two sections of Knap's Battery, under command of Captain Atwell, were engaged, and some idea of the severity of the fire to which they were exposed may be gathered from the fact that of fifty-two men who went into the contest twenty-seven were killed; while of forty-eight horses on the ground thirty-three were destroyed. The battery was exposed to a flank fire, and Capt. Atwell received a musket ball near the lower extremity of the spine, which passed through his body, and caused his death some four days afterwards.

Police Intelligence.

BEFORE ALDERMAN TAYLOR.—Margaret Hickey yesterday made oath that Mrs. Boyle had acted in an insulting and disorderly manner towards her and her daughter, calling them vile names, and threatening them. Mrs. B. was therefore arrested, and held to bail for her appearance at Court in the sum of $300.

Important Meeting of Coal Men.

Yesterday afternoon, at two o'clock, a large meeting of our fellow citizens engaged in the coal interest was held at the office of Messrs. A. D. Smith & Bros., No. 67 Water street, near Ferry. There were about four millions dollars of capital represented, and the utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed. On motion, A. Miller, Esq., was called to the Chair, and N. J. Bigley, Esq., was appointed Secretary. The Chairman then stated the object of the meeting.

On motion of Mr. Smith, a committee of resolutions was ordered to be appointed to prepare resolutions expressive of the sentiment of the meeting. The resolution was adopted, but was not afterwards acted upon.

Mr. J. F. Dravo thought that some one present who understood it, should throw some light on the subject before the committee was appointed. He himself was somewhat in the dark, and perhaps others were. He would like to know what the tonnage would amount to.

By request, T. J. Bigham, Esq., read the notice relative to the tax recently issued by Capt. Batchelor, Surveyor of the Post.

Mr. Dravo, in order to get up some discussion, called the attention of the meeting to the amount of tax they were now paying the Government, exclusive of the tonnage tax. He took for an estimate an acre of coal, which he said yielded 150,000 bushels; to get this coal to market below, would require three pair of boats. The government tax amounts to $160: the license, $25; siding tax, $30—total, $215. The navigation tax, from midway of the improvement, was as follows: Toll on empty barges, $12; landing tax, $15; lockage $234—total, $477. Adding the cost by way of extra hands, &c., for obstructions in the river as far down as the Steubenville bridge, which would amount to $150; and they had a grand total of $825. The tonnage tax on one pair of boats would amount to $83.20, in addition to $20 for license, and the getting out of the necessary papers. Could they stand all this? They would have to stop at Louisville, hurry up to the customs and transfer, and other vexatious delays would occur. It was utterly impossible for them to attend to all these taxes, and he did not believe the state of trade would admit of it. They could not stand this additional burden, and, besides, he believed it to be illegal. Judge Grier, in a case almost similar, had already decided adverse to the enrollment and levy of the tax.

Mr. A. P. McGrew stated that during his river experience he had never paid a tonnage tax on a steamboat, and had never been called upon to do so. He had taken out papers since 1838 up till within the past two years, and never had been called upon for that time to pay tonnage tax. He was not prepared to speak as to what had been the practice in 1863. The charge on a boat of six or seven hundred tons was then only ten dollars.

A motion was here made by Mr. Smith to invite Capt. Batchelor to attend the meeting, and make whatever statement he desired, and enlighten the coal merchants as to what was expected of them.

Mr. James Colvin thought that before Capt. Batchelor was invited up, they should have an expression from the coal men present on the subject. He was of opinion that Capt. B. had misconstrued the law, and for one he would not pay the tax, but test its constitutionality. He would refuse to pay the tax; Capt. Batchelor would then send the Marshal down and seize his boats; then he would replevin them, and bring the matter before the United States Court for final settlement.

Hon. J. K. Moorhead, being present, was called upon for his opinion relative to the matter. The General stated that he did not come to make any remarks, but to hear the coal men and the government officer. As he understood the matter, the tonnage tax was imposed under the tariff act of 1862. He desired to say that it was the duty of every Congressman and every loyal man to ascertain everything from which revenue could be obtained to sustain the government in its efforts to put down the rebellion. In the internal revenue act there may have been many errors, but they were subject to corrections hereafter. The objections levelled at the ingenuity of the gentleman (Mr. Dravo) who had produced a list of figures, showing the taxes already paid by them. He knew the gentleman was good at figures, but he might as well have added four cents a bushel for digging the coal, which would amount to $6,000, and then the wear and tear of machinery, &c., and he could have run up a bill of $10,000. He did not consider the gentleman's argument a fair one. However, he would do everything in his power to relieve the burthens of his constituents. And as to the construction of the internal revenue law, why Secretary Chase had the first guess at it, and if there was any wrong in it, the course proposed by another gentleman (Mr. Calvin) would rectify it.

The motion to invite Capt. Batchelor to attend the meeting prevailed, and Mr. Coursin was appointed to wait on Capt. B., and escort him to the office.

Capt. Batchelor, on arriving, thanked the meeting for their courtesy. The order relating to the enrollment and licensing of boats came to him unexpectedly and unpleasantly, and he understood from the Internal Revenue Bureau that towards him relative to his connection therewith; that it was asserted he intended filling his own pockets in the collection of the tax. The Captain stated that he had nothing to do in bringing about the law, and he would inform the meeting that all the emoluments went into the treasury of the United States. It was his duty to collect the tax, and pay it over to Mr. Spinner, United States Treasurer. He did not receive anything for the collection of the tax, and was paid a fixed salary for all the duties of his office. Captain Batchelor then proceeded to state how the whole matter relative to his port originated. The Collector at Wheeling had assessed the tax on some salt boats, to which the owners objected, and the case was brought to his notice, the Collector below wishing to know what course he had pursued in the matter. He replied that he had received no instructions on the subject, and Mr. Hutchison, of the Treasury Department, happening to be in the city at the time, he directed the Captain to proceed and enroll and license boats. Capt. Batchelor refused until he should receive instructions from the Department, and, after being directed several times by Mr. Heaton to assess the tax, he wrote to Secretary Chase on the subject. The answer to his letter was the order which he published on Monday. The order was dated on the 26th of May, 1863, and did not reach here until Sabbath last, when it was accompanied by another letter from the Department, dated October 30th, 1863. The matter of this tonnage tax was discussed last spring, and he then informed some of the coal men of this city of the matter. The tax, in his opinion, would never have been assessed, but for the tariff act of 1862, which fixed a tax of ten cents per ton on all kinds of crafts afloat.

The Captain was then interrogated by several gentlemen present, and his replies may be summed up as follows:—The tax would be about twenty or thirty dollars on barges; there would not be any tax on flats or boats that brought coal from the works to the city. He thought himself the tax on boats that never returned was rather unjust. Small boats that held 3,000 or 4,000 bushels were not taxed as much as those that held 20,000 bushels. The assessors were provided with a graduating scale.

Mr. Bigham here handed Captain Batchelor a paper containing the card signed "Many Citizens," in which was an extract from "Regulations concerning the Internal and Coasting Intercourse," and asked him if that was necessary to make out the case.

Capt. Batchelor replied that it was not. The section referred to was part of the regulations relative to trading with certain ports, while the tonnage tax was part of a law of Congress for the raising of revenue. They had no connection.

Mr. J. F. Dravo moved that a committee of three be appointed to consult the best legal advice on the legality of the tax—the committee to report to an adjourned meeting on Monday next. Adopted, and Messrs. Brown, Walton and Horner, were appointed.

Mr. Dravo then moved for the appointment of a Committee of three to confer by telegraph with Secretary Chase, and ask for a suspension of the order until the matter was settled by the courts. Adopted, and Messrs. J. K. Moorhead, J. F. Dravo and Thos. Fawcett appointed.

Capt. Batchelor was then asked by Mr. Dravo, if a small coke-boat, worth perhaps $200, would be taxed the same as coalboats, to which Capt. Batchelor replied it would.

Gen. Moorhead remarked that he thought he was somewhat to blame in this matter, for he had had recent opportunities to confer with Secretary Chase, and might have introduced it. The neglect was partly his and partly the coal men's in not reminding him of it. Secretary Chase was a reasoning man and would have investigated the subject thoroughly.

Capt. Batchelor here produced the subjoined letter, which gave the coal men some hope that they yet may escape the payment of the tonnage tax. To our mind this opinion of the Secretary settles the question by precedent:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Oct. 2. 1863.

WM. B. THOMAS, Esq., Collector, &c., Philadelphia, Pa.—Sir: I have had under consideration the letters of James S. Coy, Esq., President of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, and others relative to the liability to tonnage duty of the class of vessels known as "scow boats," and engaged exclusively in carrying coal from the interior of Pennsylvania to some point on tide.

I find nothing in the law expressly excepting this class of boats from its general provisions. They have, however, never been enrolled and licensed under previous statutes; and indeed have always been so owned and managed, that a compliance with the laws relative to enrollment and license on their part was impossible. Their construction, too, is peculiar, so that they do not come within the description of vessels usually known as coal boats. In the absence of some more specific enactments of Congress in regard to them, you will refrain from enforcing the coasting laws and tonnage duty against them.

As to canal boats proper, I must adhere to the instructions heretofore given. The uniform decisions of the Department, from the earliest existence of canals in this country to the present time, admit of no other construction of the statutes. I regret that they work a hardship in some cases, but have no present alternative. I propose, however, at the earliest moment, to lay the subject before Congress, for its consideration, not only as regards the different descriptions of vessels navigating our inland waters; but also as regards its application to temporary registers and licenses. With great respect,

S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

A gentleman present, whose name we could not learn, contended that coal men were not common carriers, and could not be legally assessed the tonnage tax. Coal merchants floated their own product in their own boats. The gentleman also contended that if they were compelled to pay this tax, they would virtually be prohibited from carrying on the business, as they could not compete with the coal men down the Ohio.

On motion, Messrs. Smith, Willich and Stone were appointed a Committee on Finance.

A resolution was adopted unanimously thanking Capt. Batchelor for the information he had given the meeting, and exonerating him from any blame whatever in the matter of imposing the tonnage tax.

The Captain thanked the meeting for the compliment, after which an adjournment was ordered till Monday.

Captain Batchelor informs us that it requires the services of three clerks, for the space of five hours, to make out the papers. Now, when we state that there are three hundred and sixty-seven boats, large and small, and two hundred and thirty-three barges, now lying in Pool No. 1 awaiting a rise to go out, the herculean task before Capt. Batchelor may be better imagined than described. Should a rise occur within a few days, it would be impracticable, if not impossible, to enroll and license all the boats now ready to leave for the market below. The boats now lying in Pool No. 1 contain 8,815,000 bushels of coal, and the sufferings of the people of our western cities will be indescribable should some of this great amount not soon reach them.

The committee appointed to confer with Secretary Chase, immediately after the adjournment of the meeting dispatched a telegram to that officer, asking a modification of the order, and referring him to his letter to Mr. Thomas. It is to be hoped there will be a favorable response.

Rich and beautiful styles of Ladies', Misses', Childrens' and Gents' FURS, can be had at FLEMING'S Fashionable Hat, Cap and Fur establishment, 139 Wood street. The proprietor has just returned from the East with a large and carefully selected stock of Ladies' FURS, of the most fashionable varieties and styles. Also, Gents' Fur Collars and Gloves, Hats and Caps of all the latest and most desirable styles known,—all of which will be sold at lowest cash prices, wholesale or retail.

A large assortment of elegant Albums at very low prices, at Pittock's.

Fill your Albums with Cartes de Visite of Generals, Actors and Actresses, &c., at only one dollar per dozen, at Pittock's, opposite the Post Office.

Card Photographs of Miss Thompson at Pittock's, opposite the Post Office.

"Daily Commercial" Job Printing Office.—Orders for every style of Book and Job printing promptly and neatly executed, from a visiting card up to a mammoth poster. The most rapid and improved steam presses are used in the execution of the work.

Stationery at Pittock's, opposite Post Office.

Vocal Music.—H. D. Brecht, teacher of Singing and Cultivation of the Voice, 126 Smithfield street.

All the late Papers and Magazines at Pittock's, opposite the Post Office.

Drop in at the Rush House and try his large Shell, Can and Bucket Oysters, received daily by express. Give him a call.

Sunday Reading Matter at Pittock's, opposite the Post Office.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FOR additional commercial news see fourth page.

THE local money market has not undergone any important change. There is no abatement in the demand for money. Business at our wharf begins to look up. The river is in moderate navigable order, and freights are most abundant. One of our small tow boats started with twenty-two thousand five hundered bushels of coal for Cincinnati. This is a small beginning, but no doubt will be gratefully received by our needy friends of the "Queen City." There is now loaded into barges and other boats in Pool No. 1, eight million eight hundred and fifty thousand bushels of coal for the market below. This vast quantity will be rnn out with every possible dispatch on the first favorable rise.

The loan market in New York on Thursday, says the *Post*, was extremely active at 7 per cent. The early demand exceeded that of yesterday, but the difficulty of getging money is less than was experienced by some of the brokers on Monday and Tuesday. The immense balance in the Treasury will soon be considerably drawn down, and the currency there held will no longer be withdrawn from circulation. One chief dause of the present stringency will be thus removed.

The stock market opened steady and closed weak, with a disposition to sell for cash. Governments are firm, without much activity. Gold cerfificates are offered at 102, and currency certificates at 98¾, which is below their relative value. Sixes of 1867 are wanted at 105, and clean coupon fives of 1874 at 100. State stocks are dull, bank shares quiet, and railroad bonds strong.

—The payment of the semi-annual interest on the 5-20 United States Bonds in gold, commenced on last Monday at the United States Mint, in Philadelphia, and will be continued daily until all who can properly claim payment in that city are paid. Mr. Chase's gold income from duties is now not much less than one hundred millions of dollars per annum. It takes but thirty-five millions of this to pay the interest of the public debt, leaving over sixty millions of dollars in the Secretary's hands. Under the act of the late Congress, Mr. Chase has power to issue five hundred millions of five-twenty bonds. More than three hundred and fifty millions have been taken by the public, and it is believed by those who have the matter in charge, that the demand will certainly exhaust the entire amount of bonds which the Secretary is authorized to issue, probably within the present month of November. The National Treasury was never better since the war began than at the present moment.

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF STEAMBOATS.

ARRIVED.

Franklin.....Bennett.....Brownsville.
Gallatin.....Clarke.....Brownsville.
Jas. Reese.....Peebles.....Elizabeth.

DEPARTED.

Gallatin.....Clarke.....Brownsville.
Franklin.....Bennett.....Brownsville.
Jas. Reese.....Peebles.....Elizabeth.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight there were five feet water in the channel, and about on a stand. Business on the wharf was very active. The tow boat Tiger left for Cincinnati with a tow of small boats containing 22,500 bushels of coal. We hope she may have a safe and speedy trip.

NEW STEAMER "ARCOLA."—The splendid new steamer "Arcola," Capt. A. C. McCallam, Jr., leaves this day for Cincinnati and Louisville. She was built under the superintendence of Capt. John Rhodes, one of the best steamboat builders in the West. The present one does him great credit; competent judges pronounce her one of the best adapted boats ever constructed. The cabin is handsome, with large state rooms, together with all the latest improvements. The furniture was manufactured by Messrs. T. B. Young & Co., and is of the best description. The carpets were furnished by Messrs. McFarland, Collins & Co., and are of the best quality. The outfit was furnished by Messrs. Caldwell & Bro. In a word, she is complete in every respect. So much for the boat. With our young friend Captain A. C. McCallam, Jr., we have long been acquainted. A more honorable and upright officer we never knew; he is prompt, attentive and obliging, and is destined to take rank among the most popular officers on the western waters. The success of the "Arcola," under his command, we consider a fixed fact. The first clerk is Mr S. Speer, a clever and attentive officer.

THE new steamer "Argosy No. 2," Captain George W. Reed's splendid packet, leaves this day, positively, for Cincinnati. This boat was built expressly for the packet trade, under the superintendence of Captain A. Miller and Capt. Reed, both officers of great experience. In her construction no expense has been spared. She is an A No. 1 boat in every respect. The "Argosy No. 1," built by the same parties, has proved one of the best adapted boats afloat. The No. 2 is an improvement on her. The cabin is handsome and contains all the latest improvements. The carpets were furnished by Messrs. McFarland, Collins & Co., and are truly handsome, in fact nothing has been left undone. The furniture was manufactured expressly, by Messrs. T. B. Young & Co. Capt. Reed is one of the most gentlemenly officers of our acquaintance; he understands his business in all its details, and has hosts of friends and deserves them all. The first clerk is our old friend Captain W. P. McConnell, an officer who has no superior. We take pleasure in recommending both boat and officers to our friends. She leaves to-day, positively, for Cincinnati.

NEW STEAMER SILVER CLOUD No. 2.—This splendid packet is loading for Cincinnati, and will leave this day. She was built under the superintendence of Capt. S. Shumon and J. B. Conway, and will be commanded by the latter officer. These officers have had considerable experience in boat building, and the present one eclipses all their previous efforts. She has been fitted up in a superior manner—in fact nothing has been left undone that was required to make her complete in every respect. Capt. Conway is a clever and attentive officer, and one that is very popular with shippers and passengers. He has hosts of friends and deserves them all. The first clerk is Capt. Charles Matthews, an experienced and clever officer. The new boat and her officers have our best wishes for success.

HO! FOR CINCINNATI.—The new and pretty packet "Ida Reese," Captain E. Gordon, leaves this day, positively, for Cincinnati and intermediate ports. This boat is entirely new, and offers superior accommodations to persons going that way. Capt Gordon is well known to travelers as an experienced officer, and one that will be certain to see that passengers are well cared for. Mr. Russel, who has charge of the office, is a general favorite.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, } Saturday, November 7. }

Business was only moderately active yesterday. The high prices of produce generally have operated as a check. The best news we have to give is a rise of water, there being about five feet in the channel. All the steamers that are ready will proceed to load at once. Among them are the following: Argosy No. 2, Captain Reed; Arcola, Capt. A. C. M'Callum, Jr.; Silver Cloud No. 2, Capt. J. B. Conway; and Ida Reese, Capt. E. Gordon. These boats were engaged in loading yesterday. They will depart for Cincinnati to-day, freights being plenty at good prices. Another good feature: it will enable some of our towboats to leave with light tows. The Tiger, Capt. Black, left last evening for Cincinnati with ten small flats, containing altogether 22,500 bushels. Others were getting ready, and will no doubt leave during the next 24 hours.

Among the sales made we note the following:

HAY firm, with a good demand; in fact, the demand exceeds the supply, which tends to keep up the present high prices. Sales of fourteen loads at the scales at $30@35.

APPLES—Holders were firm at the late advance. We note sales of 270 bbls., a good article, at prices ranging from $3@3,50 ₱ bbl.

POTATOES—The receipts are on the increase, with sales of 210 bush. prime at 75@80c.

BUTTER—The market was firm, with a good demand. Sales 1400 lbs fresh roll at 22@24. Sale 4 bbls packed at 17@18c.

FLOUR—The market was inactive, the sales made being principally from store, in lots to meet the wants of the local trade. The principal demand was for the best brands. Inferior lots were dull.

Extra—140 bbls from store at $5.60@5.75.

Extra Fam—Sales 200 bbls, a favorite brand, at $6.75@6.80 ₱ bbl. Some fancy lots were held at $7@7.15.

Wagon flour sold at a variety of prices, according to quality.

GRAIN—Was firm, the receipts during the coming week will no doubt increase, as the rise in our rivers will no doubt relieve the railroads of a large portion of their freight. The receipts for some days past were principally by wagon.

WHEAT—Sold readily at Red, $1,24@1,25; *White*, $1,35@1,36, a few hundred bushels changed hands at those prices. *Corn*, was enquired for; Sales at the depot were reported at $1,10@1,11 per bushel. *Oats*, were steady but unchanged; Sales from first hands at 73@74c. The stock on hand is not large. *Barley*, firm, and in good demand at full rates, with sales of Spring at $1,30. *Fall*, $1,50 per bushel.

RYE—There is none offering. Prices nominal.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—The demand was restricted. The high rates demanded here have almost excluded the article from this market. We quote nominally at $3 75.

CHEESE—Market steady with a good demand. Sales 120 boxes W. R. at 13@13½c.

GROCERIES—The market was firm, with a good demand for the various descriptions at full prices. We omit quotations for this time.

WHISKEY—The market was firm, with a fair demand for City Rectified at 58@60c.

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, } Saturday, Nov. 7, 1863. }

We have nothing new to notice in this article. Buyers continue shy, and are not disposed to operate to any extent at the rates demanded. The present rise in the Allegheny will no doubt increase the stock of Crude, so that the

The Daily Commercial.

COMMERCIAL.

Baltimore Market.

Coffee—There was more inquiry for prime Rio, but no sales transpired. We quote at 32@33½c per lb, as to quality.

Flour and Meal—Sales on 'Change were confined to 300 bbls fair Howard st. Super. at $6 25, and 200 bbls Extra do at $7 25 per bbl. The market closed inactive, but prices were without material change. We quote Ohio Super. at $6 25@6 37½, Howard street do at $6 25@6 50, the outside figure for very choice; Ohio Extra and Howard street do at $7 25@7 37½, and shipping brands City Mills do at 8 25@8 75 per bbl. Rye Flour comes forward slowly, and commands 6 87½@7 per bbl. Corn Meal still held at 7 12½@7 25 per bbl, with very little demand.

Grain—Some 14,000 bushels of grain were offered at the Corn Exchange this morning, viz: 9,000 bushels wheat, 4,000 do corn, 200 do oats, and 200 do rye. Under a fair inquiry wheat ruled firm. Sales of 2,500 bushels good to very choice Southern red at $1 58@1 68, 3,000 bushels fair do at $1 50@1 55, 2,000 bushels common to ordinary do at $1 40@1 48, 2,500 bushels very good to strictly prime Southern white at $1 95@2 05, 3,000 bushels fair do at $1 85@1 90, 2,000 bushels damaged to medium do at $1 50@1 75, and 3,500 bushels good to prime Kentucky do at $1 90@2 per bushel. Corn was in moderate request and prices unsettled. Sales of 8,000 bushels common to prime old yellow at $1 02@1 05, 3,000 bushels damaged to prime old white at 96c@$1 04, and 2,500 bushels new do at 96c@$1 per bushel. Inferior oats remain heavy, but we notice more inquiry for prime. Sales included 4,000 bushels very inferior to prime Maryland at 58@68c, and 1,000 bushels good Pennsylvania at 82c weight. Small lots of rye commanded $1 32@1 33 per bushel.

Molasses and Sugars—No transactions worthy of notice were reported. Under light stocks prices are maintained, closing steady as previously quoted.

New York Hop Market.

Hops are in better supply, and a fair inquiry is noticeable, chiefly for consumption, at steady rates; the export demand is still limited, but all our desirable Hops will no doubt be wanted at full prices ere the close of the season. Common goods, however, will not be sought for in all probability, and such goods should not be sent forward at present unless for express orders, because the arrivals recently have been large, as they necessarily ought to be at this season previous to inclement weather and the close of navigation, and hence the stock is accumulating. This may have a depressing influence after while should shippers purchase with no greater degree of alacrity than they have done thus far this season. But we believe there is no margin for them just at present. Hence no common moldy goods should be sent forward thus early, to accumulate here just now, and after a few weeks exert a deprssing influence on the market. Sales of 260 bales New at 20@22c for inferior; 23@25c for fair to good; 26@27c for prime; and 27c for extra choice. Yearlings are in light supply and firm and in fair request at 21@22c for prime quality. We quote at 19@23c. Older growths are uncalled for and wholly nominal in price.

The HOg Crop.

The hog crop in this section of the State promises to be a pretty large one. A good many buyers from Chicago, St. Louis and other points, are now here making arrangements for extensive purchases. Messrs. Pinger & Hauck, the well-known and enterprising pork-packers of this city, have already entered into the work of buying with great spirit, and Mr. John Rogers is making great preparations for packing. He will, no doubt, soon be in the market. From present indications, dealers in hogs will create quite a stir in this region of country as soon as the weather becomes cooler.

The Rockport *Journal* reports that "great activity is manifested in the purchase of hogs in Atchison county. Numerous buyers are in the county, offering $2 50 gross, which is a very fair price. Our experience in buying pork is, that the market opens at its highest figures, taking the last eight years as a precedent. The farmers would probably do better to sell at present prices than take the chances of a higher market. From the best information we have, the proceeds of the present pork crop will amount to about one hundred and twenty thousand dollars. This, together with the large amount of grain and stock for sale, will place Atchison county all right financially."—*Keokuk Gate City, Oct. 29.*

Louisville Market.

Coal—Firm at 48c for Cannelton and Hawesville, and 60c for Pittsburgh.

Flour and Grain—Flour dull, and we continue to quote superfine at $5 75a6 25, and fancy brands at $7 50a7 75 the latter for gold dust. Wheat is in good demand and unchanged at $1 15a1 30 for red and white. Corn in request at 65a70c for new, and 80a85c for old. Oats in demand at 65a75c.

Oils—Firm. Lard oil held at 80a85c.; coal oil at 68@75c.; lubricating oils ranging from 35a55c.; linseed oil at $1 45.

Hemp—Sales of Missouri at $85a90 ₱ ton. Kentucky in demand and nominal at $100 ₱ ton.

Manufactured Tobacco—A sale of 50 boxes medium at 55c.

Tobacco—Sales of 44 hhds as follows: 3 hhds stems at $3 25a3 55, 1 at $6 60, 6 at $7 65a7 95, 5 at 8a8 80, 6 at $9 20a9 75, 7 at $10a10 75, 1 at $11 75, 2 at $12 25, 4 at $13a13 25, 1 at $14 25, 1 at $15 25, 1 at $17 50, 3 at $16a19 75, 1 at $20, 1 at $21 25, and 1 at $33 25.

New York Oil Market.—Receipts, 1,469 barrels. The market continued dull and heavy and prices were still more or less nominal. The private advices by the Hecla were equally unfavorable with the published accounts of the foreign markets, and the demand for shipment was stopped, a few lots only having been taken to go on shipboard at about yesterday's prices. The losses ocasioned by the great decline in prices have been very severe, yet the ruinous contracts are being settled, and it is believed that nearly or quite all the dealers will be enabled to go on. The sales were very moderate and chiefly for immediate delivery. The sales reported amount to about 5,500 bbls at 40@42c for refined, in bond, on the spot, mostly at 41c, and 40@41c for November and December delivery, buyer's option, at which about 1,500 bbls of the above were sold. Crude was neglected, and only small lots were reported at 27½@28c. Free Oil was dull and nominal at 50@51c, at which sales of about 500 were made. Naptha was dull and nominal at 25c for refined, and 21@22c for crude. At the close there was rather more tone to the market; yet there was no indication of a decided reaction, which some of the dealers seem to anticipate.

Government Sale of Cotton.—The following lots were sold this morning on the Levee, by W. S. Steadman & Co., Auctioneers: 50 bales to Crow, McCreery & Co., 67c; 50 do to Randle, at 63c.; 50 do to Warner, at 68½c; 50 do to Thomas E. Tutt, at 64c; 50 do to Thomas E. Tutt, at 64½c; 50 do to Gary & Son, 72½c; 50 do to Pittman & Bro., 59½c; 50 do to Gill at 63c; 50 do to Bell, at 56½; 50 do to Lowry, at 70c; 52 do to Randle, at 66½; 21 do to Bemis & Brown, at 78½c; 35 do to Lowrie, at 75½c; 1 do to Gary & Son, at 74c; 30 do to Lowry, at 77½c; 17 do to Bemis & Brown, at 75½; 7 do to Lowry, at 70½c; 28 do to Bemis & Brown, at 69½c; 25 do to Lowry, at 76½c; 50 do to Fowler, at 75c; 50 do to Crow, McCreery & Co., at 75c; 50 do to Randle, at 71c; 47 do to Meier at 71c.—*St. Louis Rep., of Wednesday.*

Providence Market.—Wool—Market firm and active. The sales for the week have been 18,231 lbs fleece, at 75@85c; 24,546 lbs foreign at 30@35c. Printing Cloths—Market has been very quiet, with a slight concession in price. The sales have been small, amounting to 20,000 pieces of the different counts. The market closes with a better feeling.

New York Wool Market.—Stocks are becoming considerably reduced. The deliveries of domestic Wool are small. The course of prices abroad is upward, and higher prices are looked for. We note sales of 100,000 lbs. Fleece at 68a82c; 50,000 lbs. Pulled, 75a81c; 876 bales Cape, 39½c; small parcels do from second hands, 42a43c; 155 bales African, 27a28½c; and 16 do Mestiza, on private terms.

Chicago Market.

Flour—Sales of winter extras were 300 bbls Gillespie on p. t.; 200 Tropical at $7 75; 320 mixed at $5 75; 100 white at $6 50; sales of spring extras were 100 Matchless, choice at $5 60; 100 Coles' choice do at $5 40; 50 Fox river at $4 50; 200 Derwent, to arrive, at $5 40; 500 Smith's at 5 40.

Wheat—Sales of 800 bush rejected spring at 98c; 5,000 at 98½c; 8,400 at 99c; 14,800 bush No. 2 spring at $1 03; 29,800 at $1 03½; 6,500 at $1 03⅞; 2,400 at $1 04; 2,000 at M & S, at $1 04½; 17,800 bush No. 1 at $1 07; 9,400 at $1 07½; 500 bush No. 2 red at $1 14; 400 at $1 16; 1,200 rejected do at $1 02; 400 No. 1 on track at $1 17; 104 bags spring on track at $1 08; 41 bags winter at $1 22; 2,000 bush rejected spring in store at 99½c.

Corn—Sales of 65,000 bush No. 1 at 79c; 3,200 at 78½c; 25,000 No. 2 at 78c; 800 rejected at 76½c; 1,400 at 76c; 1,200 at 75c; 4,500 No. 1 afloat at 81½c.

Rye—Sales of 300 bush No. 1 at 70c; 4,300 bush at 92c; 2,000 at 91c.

Oats—Sales of 37,500 bush No. 1 at 52½c; 13,700 do at 59½c; 110,203 do at 60c; 12,000 do at A. S. & Co., at 59c; 6,000 do at 59½c; 15,500 do at 61c, 18,700 do at 57½c; 35,300 at 60c; 6,000 do at 60½c; 3600 bush No. 2 at 58c; 2500 bush No. 1 afloat at 61½c; 410 bags, burlaps included on track, at 60c; 113 bags on track at 59½c.

Barley—Sales of 6900 bush No. 2 at $1,16; 2400 bush Red at 1,00.

Chicago Grain Trade.—The following were the receipts of corn in September and October:

	1863.	1862.
September, bushels	2,629,522	3,469,411
October, bushels	1,287,991	4,220,631
Total	3,917,513	7,690,042

The above table shows the effect of the frost perhaps as much as anything that can be adduced.

The receipts of wheat and flour (reduced to bushels) show a healthy increase on last year, as the following table shows:

	1863.	1862.
September, bush	3,223,718	2,634,710
October, bush	3,063,773	3,255,353
Total	6,287,491	5,890,063

From the above it will be seen that there is an increase in the receipts of wheat and flour during the past two months, as compared with 1862, 1,097,428 bushels, and of wheat alone of 1,011,458 bushels.

The receipts of coarse grains of all kinds (except corn) have also increased greatly, so that the deficiency in the corn is nearly made up thereby.

Receipts of Breadstuffs at Milwaukee.

	last week.	same week.
Wheat bush	464,132	480,698
Flour bbls	18,974	15,212
Oats bush	37,177	10,251

Receipts of the above articles from Jan. 1st to Oct. 24th, this year and last compare as follows:

	1863.	1862.
Flour bbls	335,753	412,37
Wheat bush	9,027,176	12,471,888
Oats bush	718,539	355,620
Corn bush	277,323	197905
Barley bush	142,509	583,900
Rye bush	118,575	88,368

Chicago Hog Market.—The receipts are fair and market moderately active. The sales included about 1500 head in lots at $4 25@4 60 for choice well fatted hogs avg. 250 lbs and over; $4 00@4 20 for lots avg. 200 to 250 lbs; $3 25@3 75 for light lots in good order. Sales were:

102 hogs averaging	276	lbs at		$4 50
116 do	do	217	"	4 00
121 do	do	277	"	4 30

Buffalo, Nov. 6.—Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 Mil, Club $1 12, No. 1 $1 21@1 25; white Mich, $1 63. Corn firm, 94@92c; stock light. Oats steady at 73c. Freights—wheat, 20c; oats, 11c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R., November 6.—J Mitchell, 4 bbls apples, 3 do cider, 1 bg potatoes; Hafner & Bro, 1 car corn; Ben. Keel, 100 sks middlings, 2 empty sks; Hitchcock, McCreery & Co, 1 car corn; D Wallace, 101 bgs corn; Lambert & Shipton, 50 bbls whisky; J Rhodes, 177 bgs barley; Wm McCully & Co, 140 bg oats; Mackeown & Linhart, 100 bbls flour; Epplett & Feltwell, 33 bbls apples, 3 do cider; McClarken, Herron & Co, 10 bxs soap; B A Fahnestock & Co, 25 do; W A Sneathen, 15 do; M W Rankin, 32 do; W P Beck & Co, 25 do; Muirland & Conner, 10 do; Shriver & Lazear, 10 do; W H Smith, 40 do; F Van Gorder, 10 bbls apples; S. Wood, 5 bbls do, 2 bxs; J Felix and Son, 5 bxs soap, 7 bbls apples; B Schmaltz, 2 bbls tallow; J S Dilworth, 60 bxs soap; McCullough & Co, 25 do; W M Gormley, 32 do; Little & Trimble, 20; Logan & Gregg, 1 bx; F Sellers & Co, 45 bbls oil bbls; H Gerwig, 12 bbls of apples; H Riddle, 6 bbls and 1 hlf bbl apples; D F Bayard, 100 g hides; J H Ralston, 44 g hides; Rev E E Swift, 1 bbl apples, 5 bgs potatoes; A C Taggart, 18 rolls leather; 1 pedemier, 5 bbls potatoes, 1 kg & butter; W W Grier, 8 bbls apples, 1 bx potatoes; Godfrey & Clark, 13 sks rags, 200 lbs paper; J M Laughlin, 30 bbls apples; E H Myers, 10 bxs soap; J B H & Co, 4 sks p boards; W Hampson, 3 bxs soap; J Bauer, 2 bxs; Mrs A Knowles, 1 kg butter; Jas King, 2 hhds fire clay; Cameron, 5 bbls apples; J B Canfield, 5 casks pearl; W H Kirkpatrick, 12 bbls apples; 5 H Voight, 10 bbls apples; Hayne & Gidekop, 60 bbls apples; J Howe, 50 bbls c berries; H Gerwig, 4 bbls cider, 2 do a butter, 1 docheese.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh RR.—Nov. 6.—L C Reed, 12 bxs trees; R L Brown, 5 do; Wm Bagaley, 1 do; J Donaldson, 8 do; W Edmonds & Co, 40 bbls ale, 50 hf do; J C Tilton, 54 bbls oil; W H Garrard, 1 bag bags; Buffum, Kehen & Co, 10 mt bbls, 7 hf do; Edgerton & Stewart, 4 bbls apples, 4 keg; Grail, Bennett & Co, 1 car brick, 1 do clay; J A Caughey, 100 bbls flour; Spencer & McKay, 362 sks barley; J S Liggett & Co, 142 sks wheat; Mexsell & Grafton, 7 bbls butter, 2 do eggs, 24 kgs butter; H Riddle, 1 bbl butter, 2 sks flaxseed, 2 bbls eggs; F Van Gordier, 10 bbls apples; S M Fulton, 1 kg butter; F Sellers & Co, 12 mt oil bbls; J Snyder, 16 pkgs household goods; S Dyer, 1 box; William Tate, Jr, 16 pcs gas pipe; White & Douglas, 13 kgs butter; Shumaker & Lang, 28 bbls flour; W McKein, 1 table, 1 feather bed; J McAlpin, 24 bbls apples; Wm. Hic, 51 sds barley; Thomas Todd, 2 head cattle; R Batzell & Co, 2 bbls eggs, 1 hf bbl butter; R C Howard, 10 sks rags; Jacob Rinner, 28 doz brooms. M Dennis, 1 lot h h goods; S B & C P Markle; 9 sks rags; J Rhodes, 2 empty ale kegs; A W Rickard, 1 roll leather, 1 bbl sheep pelts; H C Davis, 17 sks wool.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincin. R.R. Nov. 5—Jno Dunlap, 1 bbl S iron; Wood & Matthews, 2 kgs nails; C. Grosenger & Son, 197 bdls hides; W P Beck & Co, 1 bbl dried apples, 1 do, butter; J E Leggett & Co, 150 bgs wheat; R T Kennedy & Bro, 347 bush wheat; Markland & Connor, 5 kgs shot, 1 do. lead.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.—Nov. 6, 1863. Lockhart & Frew, 49 bbls tar, 131 do refined oil; North American Oil Co, 51 bbls benzine; W H Bryan, 180 do crude oil; Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co, 50 do refined oil, 1 mail bag; Lucesco Oil Co, 72 bbls refined oil; Brewer, Burke & Co, 9 do crude oil; F Atwater, 1 car stone; W Heffman, 1 calf; Thos Boyd, 18 bushels potatoes; Wm McCutchins, 35 bushels potatoes, 4 crocks butter, 1 box chickens; Wm George, 4 boxes butter, 2 barrels eggs, 5 hides, 1 coop chickens, 2 bus potatoes, 1 bushel beans, 1 bushel onions, 1 sack rags, 5 calves; W P Beck & Co, 1 car salt; Kipp, Lockhart & Co, 1 do; J Montooth, 10 bbls apples; J McD Crossan, 3 cans, 1 bag; S Alter, 75 bu oats; C Voigt, 1 bx butter, 1 bx eggs; W P Weyman, 3 bxs; Jno McCorkle, 31 bags beans, 2 bags flaxseed; M B Suydam, 40 bags flaxseed; J P Scott, 1 box flannels; J Hutchinson, 1 bbl potatoes; J McCartney, 4 do; R L Brown & Co, 270 bars iron, 53 bdls; A M Richards, 8 rolls leather, 5 sheep pelts; Lippencott & Co, 1 circular saw; L Hillbruner, 2 bgs bags; C Dyke, 1 bx, 1 trunk, 1 bale; Lucas Hammond, 1 lot moving.

Pennsylvania, ss:

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ANDREW G. CURTIN, *Governor of the said Commonwealth.*

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, The President of the United States, by Proclamation, bearing date on the Seventeenth day of Oct. inst., has called for THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND VOLUNTEERS, to recruit the regiments now in the field from the respective States; *And whereas*, By information received this day, the quota of the State of Pennsylvania under said call is declared to be THIRTY-EIGHT THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT MEN, (38,268;) *And whereas*: The President, in his said Proclamation, requests the Governors of the respective States to assist in raising the force thus required:

Now, Therefore, I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do earnestly call on the good and loyal freemen of the Commonwealth, to enlist in the service of the United States, under the Proclamation aforesaid, so that the required quota may be made up before the Fifth day of January next, on which day the President announces that a draft will commence for any deficiency that may then exist in the same.

The freemen of Pennsylvania enlisting under this call will be attached to regiments from this State. All who are willing to enlist are requested to present themselves at once, for that purpose, to the United States Provost Marshals, recruiting and mustering offices, in the respective cities, towns and counties. They will receive the following sums as allowance, pay, premium and bounty, viz:

To every recruit who is a *veteran volunteer*, as defined in General Orders of the War Department of June 25, 1863, No. 191, for recruiting *veteran volunteers*, one month's pay in advance, and a bounty and premium amounting to $102. To all other recruits, not veterans, accepted and enlisted as required in existing Orders, one month's pay in advance, and in addition a bounty and premium amounting to $302.

Any further information desired can be obtained from the Provost Marshals of the respective districts.

In making this appeal to the good and loyal freemen of Pennsylvania, I feel entire confidence that it will be effectually responded to. The approaching expiration of the term of enlistment of the men now in the field renders it necessary to replenish our regiments. Let us maintain the glory which their valor and conduct have reflected on the Commonwealth, and let our people show, by their promptness and alacrity on this occasion, that they have not abated in courage or love of country, or in the determination that the unholy rebellion, already stunned and staggering, shall be utterly crushed and extinguished.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this twenty-eighth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-eighth.

L. S.

By the Governor: A. G. CURTIN.

Eli Slifer, Secretary of the Commonwealth.
oc31

FINE BRANDY.—26 cases Cognac "Otard, Dupuy & Co." brand. In store and for sale by [oc] MILLER & RICKETSON.

BARBER'S SOAP.—Only 25 cents per cake, or $2 50 per doz. Try it. For sale by B. C. & J. H. SAWYER.
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Assets, July 1st, 1863, ... $2,007,530 91.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
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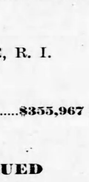

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